Q.3 Read the following passage and answer the question that follow. Use your own language.(20)

The civilization of China, as everyone knows, is based upon the teaching of Confucius, who flourished five hundred years before Christ. Like the Greeks and Romans, he did not think of human society as naturally progressive; on the contrary, he believed that in remote antiquity rulers had been wise, and the people had been happy to a degree which the degenerate present could admire but hardly achieve. This, of course, was a delusion. But the practical result was that Confucius, like other teachers of antiquity, aimed at creating a stable society, maintaining a certain level of excellence, but not always striving after new successes. In this he was more successful than any other men who ever lived. His personality has been stamped on Chinese civilization from his day to our own. During his lifetime the Chinese occupied only a small part of present-day China, and were divided into a number of warring states. During the next three hundred years they established themselves throughout what is now China proper, and founded an empire exceeding in territory and population any other that existed until the last fifty years. In spite of barbarian invasions, Mongol and Manchu dynasties, and occasional longer or shorter periods of chaos and civil war, the Confucian system survived, bringing with it art and literature and a civilized way of life. A system which has had this extra ordinary power of survival must have great merits, and certainly deserves our respect and consideration. It is not a religion, as we understand the word, because it is not associated with the supernatural or with mystical beliefs. It is a purely ethical system, but its ethics, unlike those of Christianity, are not too exalted for ordinary men to practice. In essence, what Confucius teaches is something very like the oldfashioned ideal of a 'gentleman' as it existed in the eighteenth century. One of his sayings will illustrate this: 'The true gentleman is never contentious .. he courteously salutes his opponents before taking up his position ... so that even when competing he remains a true gentleman'.

Questions:

- 1. Why do you think the author calls Confucius' belief about the progress of human society as a delusion?
- 2. How did Confucius' though affect China to develop into a stable and 'Proper' China?
- 3. Why does the author think that Confucian system deserves respect and admiration?
- 4. Why does the author call Confucian system a purely ethical system and not a religion?
- 5. Briefly argue whether you agree or disagree to Confucius' ideal of a gentleman?

	CSS _ 2013
	Question No. 03
	Read the passage and answers the questions.
	Q No. 03 tiz
	Why do you think the author calls Confucius?
•	belief about the progress of human society as o
	Answer:
	According to Confucius, the human
-	society did not evolve in naturally progressive
	manner. Contrarily, Confucius seasoned that in
	the old limes, the rulers were interligent, and
	reasoning was not equally distributed. Therefore, the author could Confucius' belief about the
-	progrem of human society progressed
	Q No. 03 (ii)
-	How did Confucius' though affect China to
	develop into a stable & 'Proper' China?
-	Answer:
	Pegandler of delivional nature of affected China to develop
-	taught that to maintain encuence at
	U /

SMERELLINGIAN CSS SAIR a certain level without getting detract from the small successer. (No. 03 Uii) +6000 2009 20 How does the author think that Confucian system deserves respect and admiration? Answer The author rightly thinks that Confucian system deserves respect and admiration because of its inherent ments. The Conjucian system taught the manner w aspects from its literary works inspite of at civil unvest at intervals in China. The Confucian system survived and following its principles. China became a great empure. Ο Νο. 03 (Ν) Try to use your own vocabulary as Why does the author that call much as possible. Confucion system a parely ethical system and not a religion. Answer: Conjucian system cannot be regarded as a religion, because it Jods the qualities of religion roung like mystical ideas. Confucian system is all about following the ethics and therefore, it is not easy in pradice. Hence, the cuthor caus Confucion system a punely ethical system and not a religion.

Q No. 3 W

Briefly argue, whether you agree or disagree to Confucius' ideal of a gentleman.

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Finswey:

Yes, I am agreed to Confucius' ideal of a 'gentleman' because II believe that ments of gentleman are to stay calm and composed in tough situations like in competition. The Confucius' ideal of a gentle man enisted in the Jales continies even. More over, Confucius put ethics in everything and malle his ideal of gentleman, purely ethical.