	Pakistan Affairs =
O2:	How the reform movement of
	Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi influenced
	the history of muslim india? (2020)
	Introduction:
	The mystic saint Shaikh Ahmed -
	Sirhindi (1564-1624), popularly known
	as Mujaddid Alf Thani. He was born
	in the village of Sixhind, Punjab
	He received most of his early education
	from his Jather Abd-al-Ahad He
	Studied in Sialkot, which had begame
	on intellectual centre under the
	Kashmir born scholare Kamal-ud-din
	Kashmiri There he learned togic,
	philosophy and theology, read advanced
	texts of Tassir and hadith. Qazi
	Bahlol Badakhshani tought him
DVA	jurisprudence, Prophet Muhammad's
	biography and history. He completed
	his studies and given permission to initiate the train followers at the age
	Minitiate the voin followers at the age
	\of 17.
	Akbar's policy:

the policy of reconciliation which the Mughal Emperor Akbor persistently followed throughout his long reign (963 - 1013 naturally calculated to burt weaken the religious consciousness of muslims According to Abdul Qadir Badayuni, a contemporary historian, describes the state of things prevailing in Akbas's time his description mirrors the sore uneasiness under which every religious muslim was Suffering. According to the book Mujaddid's conception of Tawhid" by Burhan and farugi, they wrote that Emperor had ceased to bolieve in Quran, he didnot believe in life after death nor in the day of judgement. He had gone further and had determined publicly to use the formula There is no god but Allah, and Alchar is Godi representative? A concise History of Pakiston kazmi wrote that unusual combination seposed Akbar to Scepticism and eclecticism that doubting orthodox beliefs and being quite prepared to borrow from other religion He further wrote, 1580 onwards Akbor

in corporate vorious Din-i-Illahi The Scholar andon University Peter Hardy view Din-i-Illahi as Din-i- Illahi ideologically immature mystical (Mutasfana). The Zorastrain beliefs were also included it but this religious was purely Unitarian? fects of Sirhindi reforms in Sub-continent During this time period the muslims. in india had become so deficient knowledge of twe Islam that saints than leachings. The Ulema and theologians the time had consed to refer to the Quran and Hadith in their commenteries and considered jorisprodence the only religious knowledge. Akbar had storted

Series of experiments own religion of various faithe an amagamation circum stances, shaikh Ahmed Upon himself the task of parifying com was to vid muslim society His of the accretions of Hindu pontheism He was highly critical of the philosophy of hlabolat-ul-hlujud against which he gave his philosophy of Wahdat - Ush - Shuhud hlahdat ul hlujud, Wahdat utto shuhud No difference · creature and creator between man and both are different and creator. Separate entities A Person Morship of God's · late only see the attribute creature is worship of Allah (SMT) everywhere of god Entire universe is the symbol of God Shailth Ahmed Sirhindi was successful in

neutralizing the work of Akbar affecting a change in the mentality Islam Molana Abdul Kalam Azad only Shailch Ahmed responsible for the reformation and revival of Islam during the Mughal period. Impact on Mughal Emperor Jahangir and people around him: It was great achievement of shailch Ahmed to come back the shoriat in society He wrote a large number of lotters to Government personalities emphasizing the need of true leaching of Islam. He oradicated the exils of the elite class of society and through letters strongly stressed upon those to follow the direction of Holy Prophet (SAM). Jahangir had been influenced shailth's sincerity and devotion to Islam. The Shaikh was given audience emperor and there he placed following demands - Prostration before the emperor should be abolished - The permission to Shughter cows.

- the religious innovations should be ceased - The office of Qadi and the department of the Ithisab should be restored . The mosques in nood of repair should be renovated and those which had been clematished should be rebuilt The Emperor grantal his demands and issued a royal decree. After more than a half century's struggle for life and death, Islam came out of its agony and the muslim heaved a sigh of relief Impact on Mughal Court: During the stay in court of Jahangiv, Shaikh Ahmed founded the unique opportunity to preach king and the people around He read out the purar to him, explained Its messages, discussed the principles of and explained the rules of Shariah. Emperor and the people were fully influenced by the leachings of shailch Ahmed and became Orthodox muslims. Jahangir forbade intermarriage between Hindu men and Muslim women in kashmir by royal decree. Edward

Terry writes in his book A voyage to East India In Jahangir's period mosques full of worshippers. Muslims used to keep a vosary in their hands and had a great respect for ouron and Hadith Muslims observe rites of The age limit for mariage imposed by Akbar was abolished; Mohamedan Confession of faith on the coins was restored by Emperox Jahangir. The mosques that had been abolished were rebuilt and Arabic Islamic learning was encouraged. Due to the effort of Shailch Ahmad, the Mughal Society began to turn into an islamic stade Impact on Religious Teachings in Society: Shaikh Ahmed Sirhindi thought that the main channel of mischief were the "Ulama-i-SU" (worldly minded Ulamas) Who had taken to Figh (jurisprudence) as the whole of religious teachings Shaikh Ahmed held that revery slackness and irregularity that has taken

the malter of shariah in his age and every obstruction which has hindered the growth and expansion of Islam is due to the wickedness of the 'ulamazi-su' and the result of their incompetence 39 To turn for the better of Society Shailch Ahmed Criticized innovation (Bid at) in religion that was the main cause to change islamic values For the revival of Islam Shaikh Ahmed's condemnatory remarks about innovation in volgion could found in all the three volumes of his letter, bitteress in his views about innovation in religion because he was well aware of the importance of following The true teachings of Islam the tends to remove bidat in Society by referring to several Hadiths in letters He explained innovation in religion is the opposite of Sunnah. Impact on Later Mughal Emperors: The objectives of re-establishing the Supremacy of Islam in Subcontinent

