

Topic: 'Despite its urgency, climate crisis remains the most neglected cause.'

Outline

1. Introduction:

The Earth has been facing climate issues for ages. Unfortunately, humans have turned a blind eye and continue practices that severely impact the climate, such as industrialization and deforestation. The problem has reached a level where it can no longer be neglected, as evidenced by rising temperatures and sea levels. Therefore, immediate attention is required to make the planet a safer place.

irrelevant

2. Climate change: Reality or a myth?

There have always been two schools of thought: one that supports the idea and the other that opposes it. However, the facts cannot be denied any longer, as scientific research has proven that rapid melting of glaciers is indeed occurring.

write only in pointers in outlines

3. Why is it urgent to tackle climate crisis?

a, leads to increasing global temperature eventually extreme weather events.

b, Impacts agricultural activity leading to food insecurity.

c, Causes rising sea levels harmful impacts on marine life.

d, Possesses severe health threats.

e, Global problem and the developing countries suffer equally causing poverty and env threats.

2. Why is it neglected?

a) Any mitigating step would effect industrialization as CO₂ carbon emissions severely cause climate change.

b) The economy of developed countries would highly be impacted. → clarify

c) Due to myopic vision here not prioritized. → clarify

d) Political challenges as it requires international co-operation.

e) Requires adoption of expensive alternatives.

3. Bringing attention to mitigate climate crisis?

a) Increasing public awareness and educating every individual to play their role.

b) Adopting new policies and regulation. → clarify

c) Developed countries must be pressurized to implement protocols by UNFCCC and other international platforms.

d) Global awareness by ⁱⁿ developing countries as they suffer the most.

4. Conclusion

content is relevant, to
Add some more to
make it comprehensive

Essay # 1:

Date: 11/7/23.

Topic:- Despite its urgency, climate crisis remains the most neglected cause."

The world is progressing from agricultural to industrial, traditional to modern unfortunately it is overlooking the adverse effects it has on climate. The developed countries competing with each other and developing countries inspired to be the part of the race. Amongst all this competition to be a leading economy, military and dominating power, they tend to ignore the extreme weather events caused by their practices. However, the situation has reached a point where it is craving for human attention. It is not a new concept. The Earth has been facing climate issues for ages. Unfortunately, humans have turned a blind eye and continue practices that severely impact the climate such as deforestation and urbanization. The problem has reached a level where it no longer can be overseen as evidenced by rising temperatures and sea levels. Therefore, immediate steps are required to make the planet a safer

Climate change is a long-debate containing two schools of thought: One that supports the idea and the other that opposes it. The concept that could have been delusional earlier has no room to be denied any longer, as scientific evidence has proven that the rapid melting of glaciers is indeed occurring. Hence, it is necessary to curtail the issue.

Firstly, the climate crisis lead to increasing global temperature. With every passing year, the Earth is experiencing extreme heatwaves. All the

continents are suffering, for instance Canada experiences Wild fires in Summers but this year in '23 it has reached an unprecedented milestone: the 40 million hectares of land has burned by wildfires. These incidents are being the new normal as global temperatures escalates weather events.

Secondly, Climate change severely impacts agricultural activities. Food a basic need to drive human race has witnessed harmful consequences of changing climate. Wheat-production in Australia, a major wheat producer has experienced heatwaves, droughts reducing the yield and quality of crop. Promoting the major problem of food insecurity.

Thirdly, the climate crisis has not spared the marine life. It impacts marine life by multiple ways, but the rising sea levels cause coastal habitats at risk of inundation and loss. The loss of these habitats can disrupt ecosystems and lead to declines in biodiversity.

Additionally, the health crisis it possesses are serious ones if taken under consideration. They can be so intense that becomes life threatening. It has been estimated by WHO, climate change to cause approximately 150,000 additional deaths per year globally by the year 2030, primarily due to heat-related stress, heat strokes and diseases like malaria. It is crucial to tackle climate crisis as health is being badly impacted.

Date: _____

Moreover, climate change does not have any boundaries. It does not affect the countries according to their power status. It has alarming impacts around the globe. Be it developing nations or developed. In 2022, it ~~hardly~~ Pakistan experienced merciless floods costing \$30bn and irreparable casualties. Whereas in '23 western world has faced record temperatures and over 100 deaths in Mexico. The countries with less contributions suffer equally. This calls the global powers to cater and resolve this global issue.

However, countries tend to be ignorant towards this major issue because carbon, the main by-product of industrialization stimulates climate change. As of 2022, China and the USA are the top manufacturing countries in the world. China and USA are the biggest greenhouse (CO₂) gas emitters too. Hence, the data manifests the relation. Mitigating climate crisis would mean to hinder industrialization.

The countries are also not ready to take any action as it would highly impact their economies. The developed countries being the serious contributors of GHGs would require some drastic steps determine their production and export. China and the USA, the giant competitors are not willing to change or give up on their world position. The future bears the consequences.

Furthermore, problems are tackled by prioritizing them. Unquestionably, climate crisis has begun to show the drastic consequences of ignoring it. Many governments tend to prioritize immediate and tangible concerns with quick results such as economic-growth, political power and security (military). Climate change demands long-term plan and to address effectively.

MIGHTY PAPER PRODUCT

Thus, the short-term focus can overshadow the importance of long-term environmental sustainability.

Also, dealing with Climate Crisis is a global issue. The global issue requires global solutions. It is difficult to bring everyone on the same page. Different countries and nation states bring various ideologies with themselves. Raising conflicts and a disputed matter. Unless every country is not considerate enough to reach a solution, the problem would escalate.

Subsequently, change is a process. Climate change requires investments and costs in various areas, but the countries need to realize. The costs comes in the form of mitigation, investments in renewable energy, energy efficiency. It is frequently said that 'old habits die hard'. Many nations are not willing to switch to the alternatives and at times tend to overlook the intensity of the problem.

Despite, the stubbornness of the world, it is essential to bring their attention to this serious matter. Many people are still living in a bubble. It is important to burst it and raise awareness. The modernize and luxurious lifestyle comes with a cost and every individual has a role to play. Not only manufacturing but using as well emits hence waterpiping Airconditioners Cars and shifting to renewable alternatives is essential.

Furthermore, as charity begins at home. It is the responsibility of every government be it developing or developed to make policies in such a way that direct towards mitigation. Sweden is a great example for other nations. Country aims to be carbon-neutral by 2025 and has made significant progress in transitioning to renewable energy sources. It has also invested in clean technologies. Every country must generate policies and regulate them for better future.

International Organizations have recognized the intensity and of the situation. The Paris Agreement was ratified by 197 countries in Dec 2015 at COP21 on Climate Change (UNFCCC) by UN. Regrettably, the treaty has been violated on many grounds such as insufficient emissions, delayed NDC revisions. The International organizations are authorized enough to enforce and impose sanctions if the terms are being violated.

~~Lastly, Devel~~

lastly, First World countries have strong muscle to bear the cost and redevelop whereas the developing countries pay the price for long. It has been a year and Pakistan has not recovered from the floods of 2022. South Korea '23 is recovering from dealing with flash floods and is worsening. All the developing countries must join hands and pressurize developed nations to mitigate and make this world a safer place.

In a nutshell, humans have come along way in evolution, growth and prosperity. It is a high time to focus on the negative impacts came with it all the way. Climate crisis is a repercussion of those human activities. Now, it has reached a point where it cannot be suppressed anymore. It requires immediate actions to curb this problem. If not done now, the problem will reach to a stage where it would not be controllable. It has began to show the sequelae and it is just a trailer if left unchecked.