Political Polarization in Pakistan and Jubure of Democracy in Pakistan

Outline STRENGTHEN YOUR ARGUMENTS

1. Introduction

Thesis Statement: Severe polarization is up the political domain of Pakistan has underminedic the democratic jutive of the country. Therefore There is a need to take Certain measures in order curb the situation

- 2. Contextualizing the Concept of Potical
 Potanization
- Factors causing Political Palanization in Pakistan:
- Lack of consensus among leading political parties
- Consisting undermining of the supreme law (case in point: dismissing of no-confidence niotion against the Poince Prinister Imran Kham
- Constant intervention by the State institution (case in point: Ayesha Dalal - The Slate of Martial Rule)
- Propagation of mis-information by Social

case in point. Pakistan Telecommunication Authority

economic decisions

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- (c) Holding constitution supreme and Strengthening institutions
- (D) fromoting political inculsion and toterance.

6. Conclusion

Political Polanization in Pakistim and Pakistan's Democratic Produce

History is a witness that Pakistan's diversity has been exploited for political gains since its inception. 75 years ago, when the country gained independence on its cultural, religious, tingual and societal unity and identity, mobody knew how the same foundations would shake the country to its very core. What the country is ended up with is a US vs THEM debate; a debate structurally constructed to exploit democracy and national integration for political interests. The vising political integration concerned about the future of democracy in Pakistan. There are ample of causes that have fostered political polarization

Date in Pakistan such as lack of consensus among leading political parties, undermining of constitution and intervention of state institutions. Moreover, propagation of mis-information and tise in hate Speech culture have resulted in political. polarization. There are various pactor that manifesting that political polarization is jeopasdizing juture of democracy in Pallistan. The most prominent among them is 9sque-less politics and bad governance, a disoriented youth, and a crumbling economy. Furthermore, turmoit in socis-economic condition and inexpicient accountability system are also threatening the democracy in Pakistan. Nevetheless, every cloud has a silver lining, there is still time to consolidate democracy it certain pragmatic measures ove taken. Prioritising political will, national consensus on major economic decisions, constitutional Supremary and political forculsion can have beneficial results and com strengthen the feeture of democray in Patristm. "Hence, Sever polarization is political domain of Pakistan has undermined the democratic future of the country. Therefore, There is a dire

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need to take certain measures to curb the studion. Before elucidating the factors responsible for fostering political polarization, it is pertinent to understand what Joes political polarization entails, Polarization usually means an Increasingly zero-sum disagreement of political views on policy issues and more dangerously, on the very rule of the political System. Such polarization can take place between political party leaders and their associated political partners. There is another form also, polarization between regular citizens belonging to different social, economic, or political groups. In many cases, the first type of polarization leads to the second type. In a mutshell, political polarization is a matter of concern as it halts the proper functioning of a state, and therefore, threatens democracy. While discussing the factors fostering political polarization is Pakistan, lack of consensus among leading political parties tops the list. The opposition and government parties find it Propossible to negotiate wen on national Security issues State Postitutions, as well as the Parliament, fail to bring the political parties to agree on certain important issuer

is visible each year in annual budget sessions when the economic policy of The succeeding year is presented out the Parliament without it being peaceful. Similarly, the political elities tend to fracture societal formation through religious, ethnic, and ideological lines, Hence, political parties lack of consensus and negative attitude of political elities have stimulated political polarization in Pakiston. Apart from polical parties consensus, lonsisting undermining of the Supreme law is another cause of potitical polarization in The country. The constitution of any country is its Supreme law, to be adhered in all erscenstances to ensure law and order through structural and legislative means. In Pakistang politicians use constitution to manipulate situations according to their our political agenda. For example, deputy Speaker Gasim Sunit dismissing the rote of no confidence against that time gitting prime minister an April 3rd, 2022 under article I was declared unconstitutional and undemocratic by Supreme Court of Pakistan. This reads only to one conclusion that leaders in Palciston

Date have lost all regards for the supreme law. Hence, such attitudes toward cons The Constitution is further musturing the menace political polarization in the country.
Coupled with undermining constitution. intervention by state institutions is also major jactor behind political polarization in Pakist an. Owing to weak political leadership and an unstable party system there has always remain a vacuum of leadership, since the very inception of Pakiston. Unfortunately, the military and & bureaucracy has filled that vacuum. Out of 75 years, Pakistan has been governed under military rule for 33 years, Ayesha Talal in the Hate of Martial Rule propounds that, because of the decades long military rule, democratic Pakistan. Ever Today, when military is not in power, it is balan blatantly accused by political parties regarding their intervention in political affairs. Thus, boossisting intervention of state institution have resulted in boasting of political polarization in the Country

Another major jactor behind nising political polarization is propagation of mis-information through multiple sowal onedia platyorms. Pakistan is a country that is digressed in education in an age of technological boom. From Jake top trends on Twitter, to severe abusive hurbs on social media platforms, the marses have forsaken basic ethics in support of their political ideals. In June 2022, Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) Chairman published a report that claimed 400 take accounts were reported daily that incited institutional consure. Additionally, propaganda through news channels and journalists is videspread. In short, such low level activities by public mainly Supporters of certains political parties has enhanced political polarization Similarly, the rise of an abusive and hateful speech culture his taking place in the society. It starts from the acremonious speeches by a party leader, addressing the opponents with indecent remarks reflecting hatred, and this

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trickles down to their supporters. Demonstration of such level of intolerance was seen in the Punjab Assembly on April 16' 2022 that turned into violence inside provincial usembly. Hence, Such actions shrinks the room for constructive debates and consequently results in unprecedented polarization. The cost that Pakistan is incurring due to political polarization is in the form of jeopardized democratic future. The most prominent vamification comes in the face of issue-less politics and bad governance. The flouting of opposition and easy defiance of governmental politics has led to bad governance in Palcustan. The most recent example in the state of one-third of Pakistan, drowning in floods, with village rampant with disease and 33 million lives distappeated. Such huge disaster is result of climate change or due to poor planning of climate resilient infrastrudure, and a political culture with public interest least on the least priority. In brugg people are sole spirit of democracy, and with political polarization on its peak, the Sole Spirit is threatened

In the same way a disoriented youth is another autome of political polarization. National integration evolves when grassroots level policy formulation along the fines of justice & human development, and jouth participation is ensured. Whereas, in Paleiston political teader are exploiting this vulnerable segment of youth to their advantages. They preach them a their party following. "Hatery and abusive social media compaigns against the military on September helicopter erash in september that killed 6 army officer is a clear manifestation of disoriented youth. Such partience political polarization has bore the seeds of distrust in youth about the state and its institutions, Pakistan's political paralysis has also erumbled the economy. Pakistan is burdened with huge debt bout politicians are still fighting for Theirs powers. As a result Palcistans is on The brink of default According to Bardays Bank, foreign delts of Paksom

worth \$15-5 billion. However, the political air of Pakistan is still thick with trivial short-term solutions for averling depoult. Loans from china, borrowed do Clars from Saudi Arabia, and IMF's extended policy are all but temporary bargains for political face-saving of has islaced democracy in Pakistan in to a subnesse estimation. Political divide has also caused turmoil in social conditions of people in Palcistan. The livelihood of majority of people in Pakistan is below the Internationally recognized standards of living. As per truman development Index, Pakistan has dropped seven places, ranking 161 out of 192 countries. This highlights a depressingly stunt level of human growth and development due to non-serious attitudes of political peirties sitting in government offices. Hence, political dipperence have trastically affected lives of people.

Last but not least, absence of strong and efficient accountability mechanism to also a Threat for Acakastan's democratic Jutive. Accountability in the political domain à a prerequisite for democracy to preval, Unjoitunately, in Pakistan, The accountability mechanism has performed poorly. I. A Rehman in his book, Democracies in Transition and Challenges they face states that "Accountability and transparency are pillar of democracy in Pakistan, but its absese is causing hurdles for demourary to flourish in Pakistan. Thus, interprient system of accountability is an comperil for bright fulure of danveray in the country. The preceding section has clearly highlighted that how political polarization is sisking the democratic future of Rakistan. It is now pertinent to harpelin mention steps that need to be taken in order to seeme the future of democracy in Pakistan. A prydest first step & to prioritise political will for parliamentary discourse. Normal parliamentary democracy should

be encouraged routher tran confrontational Style of politics. Emotional manipulation by factional elities has to be putoff due to which centest among masses occurs. When the critical debate is promoted at the individual level, it will more up the political ladder and free the common whetoric from the shakles of propagandas. Hence, to ensure a prospering future of democracy, political will is a mandatory. Furthermore, national consensus on major economic decisions hold great Emportance. Given the huge crists of in the economic domain, it is imperative that to reach political consensus for economic sustainability. Provisions of fuel subsidies, against the Extended Fund Facility's condutions were evident measures to create a devastating predicament for the next government. Therefore, politicians must abide by demoratic norms and realize the need for national level reapproch--ement, so that nation can be pulled out of many of its political and economical woes and confidence in democracy is restored.

In addition to that, the constitution must be held supreme. It should be the guiding principle in setting the rules of the game to address the rising political polarization and comproves democratic governance in Medistan. The judiciary need to function as an independent, gair state institution and its decisions respected and accepted by all. Only then the character of the State be defined as truly democratic and free from political partisemelip.

Likewise, promising effort are needed to limit polarization by promoting political inculsion and tolerance. People must feel they are not marginalized by the State and are included in the political process. It will revive the confidence of public on the state and its institutions. Ultimately, it is imperative upon the Pakistan's nylling Classes to discourage manipulative activities, and strengthen their commitment to rule of law, so that democracy's true sprit com revive in

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In a nutshell, Pakestan's political, religious and social systems are diverse in nature. It is a hetrogeneous society where people live under their own certain traditional ralves. Since it inception, many political parties and power Jul groups and institutions have been polarizing "this diversity to julyil their vested interest. There are number of factor that demonstrate how these onling elites have polarized the democratic Convisorment of Pakistan. The include, lack of political consensus among political parties, Constitutional orisis, and State institutions intervention. Furthermore, dessemination of mis-leading information and surge in hateful speech culture are prominent factors. Resultantly, Their political divide has threatened the future of democracy in Pakistan that can be seen in the form of bad governance, dispriented youth and inefficient accountability mechanism. Nevertheless ban be curbed and democratic gulve of Pakistan be secured it certain pragmatic measurer are taken.