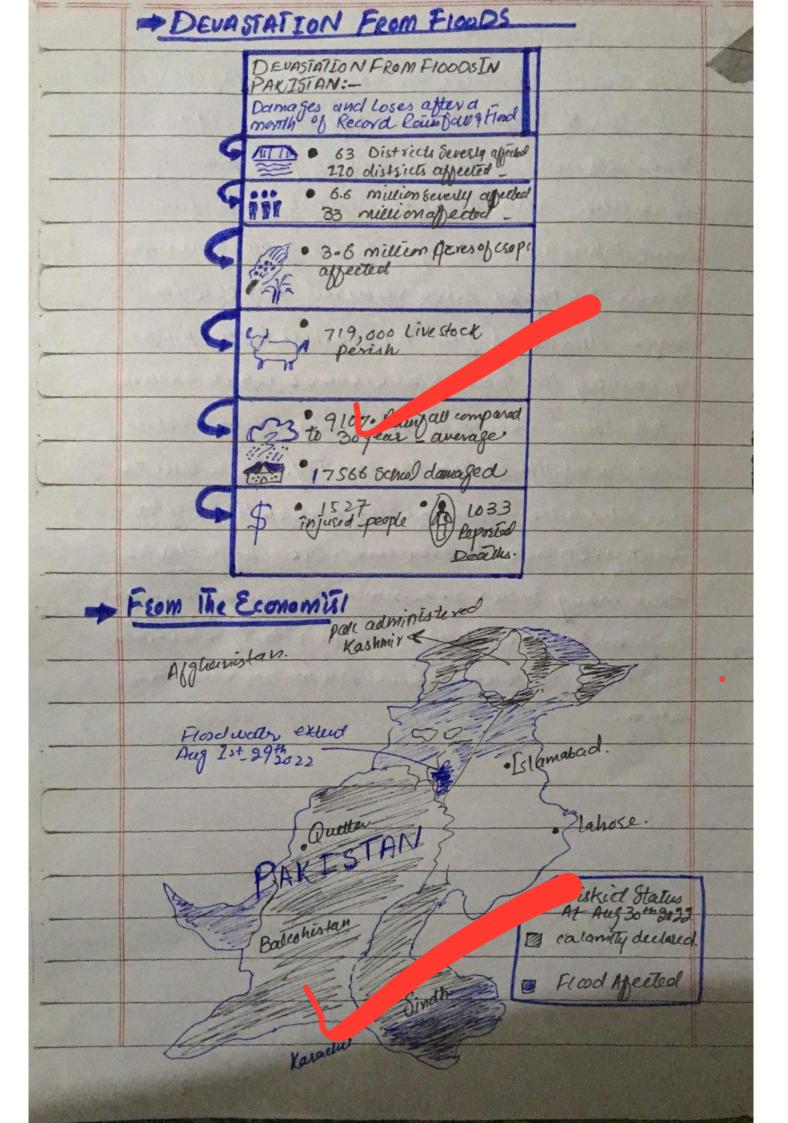
Day.

Date.

· Pariston is one of the worst appectant of Flood. Highlight the reasons and critically evalute the distarter management capabilities of the 2- Pauistan is one of the worst affectes of flood thus Pakislan has zone through an unprecedented series of climate induced discors in 2022 inincluding the record by aing heaterwes in march-Apirl , glacia lane outbrusts in gilgit-Baltistan, withfires in borest of Ballochistomanol KPK in may, Urban flooding in warachi intuly. The early onsel of meons con; and the ending Flashy lood across the country Buch disaster of Flood is rescell of climate crisis that has been work eclandexacer. buted by mismangment, lack of sources, incompetence unpreparedness, and regligence of bad governance illegal construction. Theregore, such plonding can be mitigated by better disaster management capabilities of the country.



Major Reasons Due to Which Pakistan is Considered As a Worst Appectacion Flood 9\_ there are youlowing reason due to coliety
flash flood has occurred in Premistern Buch as .

Climate change - Induced Time. Pallistan has faced flash flood induced by crisis of climate change Because climate changes occurred rapidly that resulted destruction of inforstructures; loss of heavy bridges, wads, buildings, houses and livestocus et in the country take place. According to Global Climate Risk Index, Pakistan'is the eighth most vulnerable exentry to climate crisis deposite its very low carbon bootprint. Paklstan has lestimated emitted only 0.4°/10/10 on divide, the primary greenhouse gar ince 1959, compared. to 21.5% by the unite states and 16.4% by china. thus, climate change induced plosding has occurred in Pakisteen. Bad Governance Exacerbated the exisis (b) Climate change may have induced the Flash gloods but the ensuing humanitalian (0) crisis was worsened by bud any mance and mismanagement cause of bad gavernaince pareir un lacke longtern planning, climate-resilient initiatives adequate water infrastructure, gland-resident construction Plans, and an effective drainage

own interests, leading to the natural course of water to disperse elsewhere. Therefore, it is logical teste illegal construction playing a vital role in blocking the flat of water Similary, Inkarachi, jueged construction and land encroachment practices have rescelled wroam plooding in the city. This can care the water level or raincuater to se in the summering areas is it binds to way togo. In this way, illegal construction and sewage disposal. resulted hunge plosed in the costry. Melting Glaciers Causes flash Flood intakislan Pakistan is home to more gracion than anywhere in the world outside the polar regions but as climate ciarms, it's become more victoreable to sudden outbrusts of meeting glaciers. As a result, which exacerbated blash blodin Pallistan According to country of meterologists, Paristan has seen teiple othe wal amount of glacial lake outbrusts - q su len release of water from a lake jed by glacier melt - that can cause the catastrophic glooding. Therefore, meeting glociers Es one of the cleanest, most visible signs

(es

of the climate crisis that resulted blash - place in the country.

Heatwaves are major cause of Flood.

Heatwaves have rescelted unprecedealed changes in the country. It resulted needing of glaciers. The mountainous portions of the country are home to move than 7000 glaciers thus, quickly meeting glaciers can sweet laues; which then burst their bank and unleash terrent of ice srock and water unoun as glacial lake outboust

Add 2-3 moles de come lash placting into

Department, Temperature have been seen in Paleis

tan in daytime between 5°C and 8°C above

normal in large swatters country. Such unusual
heat wowes accelerated snow and ice melting, due

to fleet plead occurred in the country.

Post-Frond Scenerie 'm Paristan

Post-flood Scenario in Paucistein, is difficult to explain Because plash prod of 2022 has great extent of the devastation in the country. Some consequences of the flash placed given below:

Date. Public · loss of 19 mgsastructure -· loss of crops · loss of Livestocks · Food insecurity · Mass displacement · Destruction of Shelte - Rise in Level of Charly - LON 9 Education - Severe impact on human Health Loss of Public Infrastructure. a-The plant plead in Pakistan has worsenthe humanitarian Situation Of caused significant damage to road, bridges and telecommunication accross the country. According to disaster Philantheopy organization, the flood damaged more than 8,000 milesy wads and 40 bridges, hampering as ability to seak safety and reach mast s. In their ways Hash plosed had worsen the humanitoryan situation by due to huge to public inflashucture. Kea, so mo nee SCUSS, Municipal Section crops in Pakiston. Such climate induced dixister has enchanced good insocurity, poverty, parnine, and malnutulion

across the country. According to disaster Philan thropy organization, the blood affected nearly 15% of Panistan's vi up unal 40%. of its collon crops de tothes, country could pace severs good shortage. Thus, it is estimated that plash food of 2002 has resulted damage to exps in Parcistan. Loss of Livestocks.

There is occurred great loss of threstocks in blood affected creasing Paristan. The catastrophic plosds have sub-merged huge swatter of Pakistan and damaged crops that were used as feed ber the therefore, lass of cattles has wor ened the situation This resulted in surge in the price of mills meal, chicken and eggs. According to the Food and Azzicultuse osganization of united Nation, more than 1-2 million live stock have been Willed Since mid-Time with severe repercursion on the livelihoods of affected household and the supply of animals products including mill and meat. In summation, great low of cultte occuerred in Pakistan due to peod-

Food insecusity due to Flood do On part-flood scenario, there is a coarse situation of pool insecurity in Pakistan Paristan is one of mad populous countries in the world. Feeding Panistan's growing population is a formidable shallonge. In pallistan, agriculture is amajor antibutor to pood needs and rival employment. Howevers its performance remains dependent on climatic conditions. According to WFP, 431. of Pakistanis are pad insecure, 18% of whom are facing acutte-jood shortage. In nichshell, Hast flood is a major contributer of food insecurity in pakistan. Mass displacement in Pakistan The elimate induced plash blood resulted

The elimate included plash placed rescelled man displacement in Pakistan Bocause the worst fleod, have devastated the country?

healthceive, education, shellers and assicultural imprastructure. According to insideclimatenews.

oss, In Pakistan 33 million people have been displaced by climate intensified plads. Therefore, the southerestern province of Backachistan and the southerestern province of Backachistan and the southern province of Backachistan and

worst hit. Thus, & real mans displacement occurred in such provinces of Pakistan.

Destruction of Sheller

Pakistan has been inundated by floody,
coursing widespread destruction of shelter.

many people who have lest their homes have
setup makeshipt shelters along or near the
readways, while others are now living on
viver banks. According to disaster philomphropy org
On Pakistan, plash plad of 2.27 has been danaged
or destroyed more than 2-2 million homes. Thus
the catastrophic flead has resulted hunge
deshuction of shelter.

Rise in levely Poverty

level 9) poverty in patentan Because it has resulted the destruction of cell cenests of people. Thus, it has resulted huge social and economic crisis in the country. Due to flash food million of people in Paristan and living bolow the poverty line. According to diverted Philanthropy of about 5.9% poverty level increased in Paristan. In multipled, It is estimated flash flood have raised the level of poverty in country.

DOY. Frash-flood and loss of Education The flashflood has resulted huge loss of education in country. Due to low of schalp, celleges and universities across the country especially, in most find appealed areas of Sindh and Balochistan . According to the Pakistan Education Bector westing group, the large ocale deskuction of school -pacilities has interrupted the education 9 3-8 million children. Therefore, It is ostimated that the disaster has seriously disturbed the reading, writing and learning sicios of the children while they remained away big low of education in the country Devere impact on human health. About 33 million people have been affected by the rocent poods in Pallistan. There are increased visus of waterborne dis eases and disrupted access to health. Due to standing water many intestinal diseases became common such as diarrhoea with blood. perers, abdominal cramps and life-threating dehydration, The bacteria and parasites Ecoli and amebiasis theire in poorly sonitised water.

moreover; malana, dengue yever and skin diseases became common in the place affected areas. According to world Health Osganization (WHO) that more than 1400 health facilities had been fully or partially damaged and that accers to health facilities health workers, and essential medicines and medical supplies" remarked the main health -care challenge. In neclished, plash plosed had resulted severe health crisis in the country. Diasaster management Capabilities

9) the country.

The disaster management copabilities of the country are given below.

"There is Enfinite amount of hope in this universe \_\_ but not por Us, \_ Franz Kafka told us yeurs

4-

a

No Specialized Planning Institute

There is no specialized planning institute in the county that work property pre-deasaster management Lystem. I due to the negligence of our gener cent outhor ities. The country was terribly appected in 2010 and again in 2011. There

Lessons, But there has now been a decade since the last devastation and many expert opinions, such as Asiga Nov as one of Journalist, suggest that no lessons have been learnt now eighter This is the first facture et governance · Therefore, our government de not build specilized planning institutes. Due to this our country faces major diasasters. lacking master Plans 96 cities lacking of master plans of cities is one of major failure of our government? Be callese our government authorities de not pay attentions towards development of unnecessary infraska - cture and househeld in major citing country such as Marachi. Therefore, une med constructions 1) building due to land a woachment has became amejor reason. Which results whan prooding in evily. In nurshell, It is estimated that lacking master plans, celies due to neligence, gromment sexuel plans in the country.

<u>Palitical Polarization and lack of Leadership</u> Underlying the pailerse of Zavernance that is rarely connected to disasters exclimate change is that of political polarisation and accountability The links are easily drawn fakistan is a deeply polarised country with populis raders. In April. of last year, ex-prime I inister Imman was removed through a vote of no-confidence. Both new contition government of Shahbar shair and two oppositions now led by Imran khan have since focused from each other through comption and territion charges rather

d

C-

than on the part that there have been signs of an impending dieaster. Due to this political polarization and lack of leadership vision.

our country falls major diaeasters.

## Limitations ob Noma

The national disaster management system in Palistan is juicing multiple challenges and gaps. To begin with, a government's response to a disenter can be classified under three heads: Reliep, rehabilitation, and reporm. when it comes to relief, NDMA does not possess the corparity to serve the length and breadth of the country, when it comes to rehabilitation, NOMA lacks a mandate for rebabili tation works such as constructive as post-earthquake or repairing dyles por a de stating flood. The Hird leg of diasaster response known as reform involves taking measures to ensure that subsequent diaster of a Similar noture de not cauge as much damage. Another challenge is the financial constraints while each district was formulated a District Disaster Risk management plan , putting the plan into action is hampered by a lack of resources. Due to limitalian of NomA pattistan is bating multiple challenges of disasters. Poor Drainage and Sanitation 84stern

In case of assessmenter infrastructural capabilities, of government, poor drainage and santation system has led to the spic plaining be cause

Day. believe that rapid urbanisation without corresponding ingraskueture, as the ancilable decimage channels cannot sustain the volume of Stormwater. All Karchi Toyir Ittehad chairman Atiq Mir baid there is no effective drainage fush out rainwater du ine assoon rains, 86%. of Karachi's commercial areas go under water that causes urban fooding. Therefore, it is estimated that por drainage and sanitation system has became maijor fallure of our government. Recommendation for Addressing 5-Challenges There are following recommended ions for (A) Better planning such as (a) National Diaster management pelicy (b) Revisting of Disaster management framework (c) Revitalizing International Da Administrative Capa Building includes. Better Usban aun Planning Cav Fighting Encroachment (d) Actions against land Magias as (d) 918 Based Land Mapping Issues Financial capacity Building includes. (6) The Foreign Debt Reductions (9) Ecological Restruction fund Climate Justice global campaign

## Very good presentation and

ay ectes of may reductions of parties inte 1973.

1976, 200 and 2022 Because of par planning

capabilities administrative capatities, jinancial

and inpartructural capabilies of our generoment

## The answerie very lengthy and is irrelevant at places.

Shorten it, notherwise citewill and instability within the country. This is due to

por attectayour timeties of the

country mantagement huge diaster

there many better recommendal, one of government and mandatory to journe . It has been no vitally por government

and public te presu above mentions recommende

ation.

14/20