

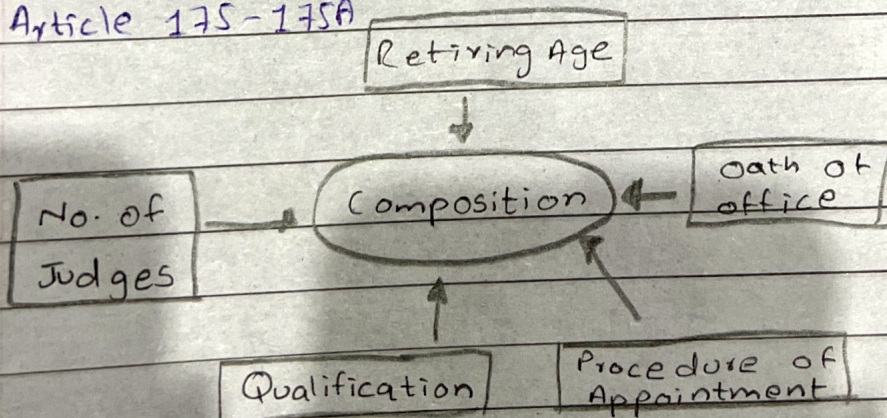
**What is the Composition, Power and Jurisdiction of supreme court in the constitution of 1973 of Pakistan?**

### **Introduction:**

The supreme court shall have power, subject to the provisions of any Act of "Majlis-e-shoora" (Parliament) and of any rule made by the supreme court, to review any judgment pronounced or any order made by it. Decisions of Supreme Court binding on other courts. There are 280 Articles in the constitution of 1973 of Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

### **Composition:**

There are following compositions from Article 175-175A



### **No. OF JUDGES:**

The supreme court shall consist of a Chief Justice to be



know as Chief Justice of Pakistan. So many other Judges as may be determined by Act of (Majlis-e-Shoora). In "Majlis-e-Shoora" (Parliament) have (17 members) "one is chief Justice and sixteen senior Judges". Oath taken by President for chief Justice and Judges will take oath from Chief Justice. If chief Justice retires then the senior most Judge among the "Majlis-e-Shoora" Parliament member will be handover the charge of Chief Justice of Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

### QUALIFICATION:

The member of Supreme Court <sup>should</sup> be citizen of Pakistan. To be Chief Justice of Pakistan, so the Judge should have 5 year experience of high court and Advocate should have 15 years of experience of high court of Pakistan.

### Procedure of Appointment:

Before 18<sup>th</sup> Amendment 2010, Judges were appointed by President with consultation of Chief Justice. but after 18<sup>th</sup> Amendment procedure changed the Judicial commission is conducted



of chief Justice.

### Judicial Commission Member

Judicial commission shall consist 9 members

- 1 Chief Justice of Pakistan
- 2 Four most senior judges (Supreme Court)
- 3 One former retired Judge or Chief Justice
- 4 Federal minister for Law and Justice
- 5 Attorney general of Pakistan
- 6 Senior Advocate of Supreme Court of Pakistan bar council

In Article 175A(8) majority of total members shall nominate one person to Parliamentary committee and Parliamentary committee should confirm within 14 days, if not confirmed so it will automatically be confirmed. If rejected they will give reason and 3/4<sup>th</sup> majority can reject and nominate a new name.

### **OATH OF OFFICE:** (Article 178)

Chief Justice of Pakistan will take oath from President and Judges will take oath from Chief Justice.

### **RETIRING AGE:** (Article 179)

Before amendment the retiring



age was 60 years but after  
18<sup>th</sup> Amendment retiring age is  
65 years.