

Topic:

The Far Reaching Effects of Political Instability

Outline

1. Introduction

Thesis Statement:

Political instability is ^{regarded} as a serious malaise, which has adverse repercussions on a number of factors. However, with prudent measures, Political stability can be accomplished.

2. A Brief Glimpse of the Political Instability in Pakistan

3. Factors Accountable for Political Instability

a. Political Factors

- i. Thrust for Power: Compromising national interest over personal interest
- ii. Existence of strong Disharmony between Center and Provinces

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b. Institutional Factors

- i. Negligence and Incompetence of Law Enforcement Agencies
- ii. Biased Election Commission
- iii. No Check and Balance over Political Parties

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Social Factors

i, Entrenched Social Vices Detrimental to Morality

ii, Lack of Democratic Education

Q2, Damaging Ramifications of Political Instability

a, Political Instability Undermines the Governance Sector

b, Poor Educational policies leading to compromised standards

c, Rumpus in Parliamentary sessions : A Threat to Democracy

d, Game of Thrones Hindering the Development Programs

e, Direct Link with Economic Turmoil : High Inflation and Least Investment

f, Rise in Extreme Security Apprehensions

g, Tarnishing the Country's Reputation Worldwide

h, Fragmented Society promoting violence and strikes

5. A Roadmap to Overcome Political Instability

a. Keeping Personal Differences aside for the well-being of the country

b. Preserving the Supremacy of the Constitution

c. Neutral Role of ECP in holding Elections

d. Upholding Transparency and Accountability in all Public-Private Sector

6. Conclusion

"They wonder if the authoritarian order may have facilitated economic growth, ... They realized that political stability made it easier to carry out reforms and attract foreign investment."

(Avery Goldstein)

The prerequisite to ^{the} growth and development is the political stability, absence of which leads to volatility and negative performance. A number of political, institutional and social factors account for political instability.

In Political Domain, the thirst for power is the driving force in creating political instability, whereby national interest is compromised over personal vested interests. Another discouraging thing is the prevalence of strong disharmony and discord between centre and provinces, let alone political parties. Moreover, institutions play a significant role in galvanizing political instability; their negligence and incompetence

of Law Enforcement Agencies and the biased electoral system being alleged of biasness and unfair play add fuel to the fire. The irony comes here at the point that no appropriate system of Check and Balance exist over political parties, who have taken law in their hands. Their morality is becoming weak with the passage of time due to detrimental social vices, which is posing serious threat to democracy. All these aforementioned causes have numerous damaging ramifications. The one that tops the list is that the political instability undermines the governance sector, where poor educational policies ~~weakens the~~ leads to compromised standards. Furthermore, Rumpus in parliamentary sessions has become a ~~com~~ usual practice. This game of thrones is hindering and impeding the Development Programs. It has direct link with

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Economic turmoil presenting high inflation and least foreign investment. In the backdrop of all the mentioned factors, security apprehensions are on the rise, tarnishing country's reputation worldwide. Political ^{Uncertainty} ~~Instability~~ results in a fragmented society engaged in violence and strikes. However, the silver lining lies in keeping the Personal Differences aside for the well-being of the Country, to preserve the supremacy of the constitution. Another step in this regard is the fair and neutral electoral system. All in all upholding transparency and accountability is the key to relief. Political instability is regarded as a serious malaise, which has adverse repercussions on a number of factors. However, with prudent measure, political stability can be accomplished.

The extent at which political instability is pervasive across countries and time is quite surprising. Political

instability is measured by Cabinet changes, that is, the number of times in a year in which a new premier is named and/or 50 percent or more of the cabinet posts are occupied by new ministers, is indeed globally widespread. Pakistan, in the year 2022,

the next handling of has witnessed a great political instability, and the events over the past year have contributed as well. The year kicked off by passing

a no-confidence motion against the former premier followed by a different events of accusations and political blame games. Moreover, demonstrations and rallies were witnessed which

halted the normal operation of markets and businesses throughout

the country. Thus, higher political instability

is associated with lower productivity growth. There are certain factors

accountable for political instability

that need to be addressed.