

Date: _____

Page#: _____

Faults lines of division in Pakistan
causes and consequences.

Outline:

1 Introduction:

~~Thesis Statement: Recently, fault lines of division in Pakistan are emerged due to some political and governance issues. Thus, these issues have rendered chaos and instability in the country and have left dreadful consequences. However, by adopting some preventive measures can steer out the country from this uncertain situation.~~

2 How the fault lines of division exponentially surging.

3 Multifarious causes are behind the fault lines of division:

(a) Lack of sound policies and planning to turnout the country from this critical situation.

(b) Failures of governance to fulfill core objectives of the country: lack of accountability.

(c) Political turmoil leads towards fault lines of division.

(d) Populism is on its peak: single party is disseminating chaos and instability.

(e) Looming unrest and chaos between public and government.

(f) Electronic and digital media follow favouritism and vested interest.

4 Consequences after looming fault lines in the country:

(a) The reputation and diplomacy of the country is on verge of collapse.

(b) The country towards looming default-like situation.

Date: _____

Page#: _____

(c) Creating law and order situation.

(d) Historical economic crunch popped up.

(e) Decline in Foreign Direct Investment.

(f) The poor and middle class people are suffering from this emerging Unrest situation.

5 Way forwards: Some preventive measures that steer out the country from this critical situation:

(a) Setting a strategy and planning to make country strong and ~~evacuate~~ from this default-like situation.

(b) Avoiding ~~economic~~ meltdown for stability of country and country's peace.

(c) Mitigating mis-conceived and ~~controversial~~ concepts between public and government.

6 Conclusion:

For instance, accountability is an absolute necessity for an organization to sustain success, all the governments holders and servants are answerable to the general public for their actions. Thus, failure of governance to fulfil core objectives of the country: Lack of accountability.

Despite the failure of governance to fulfil core objectives of the country, it is necessary to end the political turmoil, it otherwise leads towards fault lines of divisions. It defines that ^{the} uncertain and unpleasant situation is emerged exponentially in over the country, as conflicting between political parties and government. The political ups and downs situation is rolling out plethora of serious security threats, internally and externally, unlawful violence, force and terrorism. Apart from these threats, socio-economic turndown and trust deficit between public and ^{the} government. Even, it is threat for sovereignty and nationhood. People are already facing unprecedented circumstances. Moreover, the political ^{parties} and the government, both are answerable to protect the life and property of any citizen, in the country. The government and the political parties should create a consensus each other, should take harsh steps for development and prosperity of the country. Due to this unrest situation, there is chaos in the country. Recently, Pakistan faced

a deadly blast in Peshawar, killed at 61 people and left about 157 injured. According to Peshawar Police Chief, Muhammad Aijaz Khan. Therefore, political turmoil feeds towards fault lines of division in the country.

Accordingly, Populism is on its peaks: a single party is disseminating chaos and instability. It is a political approach that strives to use ordinary people against government and security institutions, as the government disregard concerns. The political party has transformed the country into fragile situation, produced uncertainty between people and institutions, even government. Thereafter, people have seen ups and downs of price ~~in~~ in many goods and commodities. After going this worse situation, the country can face many security threats, internally and externally. In similar way, the country can be more vulnerable in many sectors of developments. For instance, the worse situation is directly proportion to the more uncertainty in public, the country will have to face its dangerous repercussions. The governments and political parties should create a smooth platform where ~~no~~ there is no conflicting. Thus, populism is on its peak.