

Regional Cooperation Organizations and the Role of Pakistan.

- ✓ Shanghai Cooperation Organization.
- Q: Explore the Significance of SCO for Pakistan. CSS 2017
- Q: China's Pakistan-Russia Cooperation will find suitable support mechanism in (SCO). Elaborate. CSS 2020.

### 1. INTRODUCTION.

- 20% world GDP, 4 Nuclear powers. by including Pakistan. with total 8 members.
- Observers: Afghanistan, Iran, Mongolia, and six dialogue partners.
- I-ISC is supreme decision making body.
- Official language Russian and Chinese.
- RATS is the permanent executive body.

## 2. BRIEF Introduction.

Organization	Shanghai Five
Created In	1996
Members instat	Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, China, UZB
New Name	Shanghai Cooperation Organisation
Created By	China
Former Objective.	To strengthen mutual confidence, building and disarmament and prevent terrorism and extremist threats from persons

New Member include: Pakistan

## 3. OBJECTIVES

- Mutual trust as new security objective in its charter.
- Disarmament and cooperative regional security through new state to state relationship.
- Equal Partnership Instead of Alignment at its core.
- New model of mutually beneficial regional cooperation.
- Comprehensive agenda and framework of cooperation in all areas, Military, Security, Economic, trade and Cultural fields.
- To make it capable to interact with other regional and International organisations.

G. To promote peace, security, prosperity and development in Central, Asian, Eurasian and world at large.

H. To conduct foreign policy on the basis of Non-Alignment, non-targeting of third country and openness.

I. To promote effective cooperation in the field of politics, trade, economy, research, technology as well as education, energy, tourism and environmental protection.

#### 4. ACHIEVEMENTS OF SCO. ii

i. Enrichment and development of Cooperation Concept.

A. Maintained its vitality and became an International and Regional Influential organization. due to Shanghai Spirit.

B. Agreement on strengthening military trust in Border Areas (1996)

C. Agreement on Mutual reduction of Military Forces in Border

Agreement (1997) signed by China, Russia, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan and Tajikistan, and with the development of times and changes in international situation, the Shanghai spirit has been enriched and developed.

D. Shanghai spirit is of great importance to buffer the international community's search for a new non-confrontational model of international relations, which calls for abandoning the cold war mentality and transcending ideological differences.

ii. Enrichment and improvement of cooperation mechanisms:

A. Safe economic, political and social and human all round cooperation in various fields.

B. Operating on the basis of its organisational structure.

C. SCO member states joint military exercises and activities.

D. SCO forum address problems in specialized areas.

E. Established new type regional <sup>internal</sup> <sup>mult</sup> cooperation mechanism.

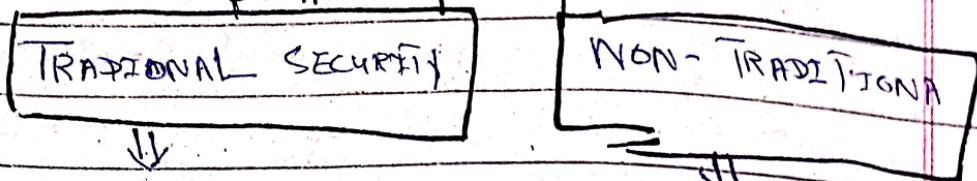
F. Different from traditional or regional alliance or organization.

G. Realistic and future oriented focus on the region and world at large.

iii. Extension of Cooperation Areas.

iv. Defense and Security Cooperation.

is the priority area of SCO cooperation.



⇒ Border Security

⇒ Military exchange

⇒ Military exercises.

⇒ Military Arms Races.

Three forces.

⇒ Terrorism

⇒ Extremism

⇒ Separatism.

⇒ Crack down of

⇒ Drug trafficking.

⇒ Transnational Crimes.

⇒ Illegal immigration

B. HSC of SCO member states issued "the statement to Crack down on using internet and other channels to spread of terrorism, Separatism, Extremism.

C. Deeply engaged in Counter-terrorism cooperation.

D. Safeguarded the security and stability in South Asia.

E. Proposing of SCO University to cooperate in the field of Education by Russian President.

⇒ 74 SCO universities under the program.

F. Focused upon public health cooperation.

⇒ Scientific and technological cooperation in drugs, vaccines, testing, reagents and epidemic prevention. eg: Covid 19.

4. Challenges Faced By SCO.

i. Intensification of great power game  
⇒ India - Russia - China - US.

A. Stationing of troops in Afghanistan under the pretext of "anti-terrorism" and intensified its competition in Central Asia.

B. Launching of Indo-Pacific strategy by Trump administration to contain China. (A new frame work that speaks of (New cold war)).

C. Use of All tools of

- American power, diplomatic, economic and military; and "Couching Pakistan and supporting India" in Afghanistan.
- D. Flow of weapons and nuclear material into the hands of enemy from US.
  - E. CE+1 mechanism with CARs and intensification of efforts from US to contain China and Russia.
  - F. Hyping of US in Xinjiang related issues.

## ii. The weakness in the Sense of Community.

- A. Countries want to exert their influence and status of only their own.
- B. Focusing their own development and giving more consideration to their development.
- C. Four members (CARs) will focus only their own due to their hard won independence.

## iii. The transformation of Cooperation mechanism faces of - for Expansion.

- A. Collision of interests and positioning may undergo some changes.

B. Cooperation pattern of SCO should be transformed.

C. Test in Cooperation pattern for major powers in SCO.

D. Power structure has undergone significant changes and its internal cooperation pattern has further increased in complexity.

E. India's purpose of joining is to prevent China from being a dominant in Central Asia.

## 5. Prospects for SCO.

A) Shanghai spirit provides direction for Multilateral Cooperation.

B) SCO Mechanism provides important

quantities for Multilateral Cooperation.

C) A new type of International relations as an important driving force for Multilateral Cooperation.

## 6. CONCLUSION.