

(b) or

(a) for

(b) Rewrite the following dialogue, written in direct speech, in a paragraph form. (5)

Jack: Hello, Swarup! Swatting away as usual. Come out, man; shut up your old books, and come and have a game of tennis.

Swarup: I am sorry I cannot do that, Jack. The examination is drawing near, and I want every hour I can get for study.

Jack: Oh! Hang all examinations! I do not worry about mine. What is the use of them, any way?

Swarup: Well, you can't get a degree if you don't pass the examination; and I have set my heart on being a graduate.

Jack: And pray what good will graduation do you? You may get a clerkship in a government office; but that's all, and there are hundreds of fellows who have got their degrees, and are no nearer getting jobs of any sort.

Swarup: That may be so; but I am not studying so much to pass my examination and obtain my degree, as to store my mind with knowledge and develop my intellectual faculties.

(a) Explain the difference between the following word pairs (Any FIVE) by using

Narration CSS 2018:

Jack greeted Swarup and urged him to come out, shut up his old books and have a game of tennis. Swarup replied that he could not do that as his exams were drawing near, and he wanted every hour he could get for study. Jack questioned Swarup about the use of the examinations. Swarup reasoned that he had set his heart on being a graduate because he believed that passing the examination was important for getting a degree. Jack furthered his inquisitiveness that getting a

degree didn't always guarantee a job as there were hundreds of fellows who ^{had} got their degrees, and were no nearer getting jobs of any sort. Without negating Jack's argument, Swarup explained that he was ~~not studying to pass~~ so much to pass the examination and obtain his degree, as to store his mind with knowledge and develop his intellectual faculties.