Cow Slaughter was I allowed New to manifest prominence Bad Shahi Mosque in Labore.
Always draw margin line a pioneer of Mulin self-assertion by denouncing Also do lanalysis how this concepts municided the muslim is relatable to currente preases afrom Hindu and nothingnalysis Common between them Therefore, the muslims should keep themselves distinct from Hindus with reference to food dress, social custom and way of life with this declaration he founded the first Stone of Two Nation Theory In Indo-Pak Subcontinent which led to Pak movement That's why Hazrat Mujadad was rightly Called First Founder of Pakistan.

governers, ulema and Mashaikh. the wrote book lets, books and treatises. As he and his followers also worked in the imperial comp and army, he was soon noticed by Jehangir. Jehangir, unlike his father, was a more osthodox Muslim But he still insisted on full prostration by all his Subjects. Sharkh refused to postrate before him, as result of which he was imprisoned at Guedror Fort for two years until the Jehangir realized his mistake. Jehangir then not only released Shaikh Ahmad, but also recalled him to Agra Jehangir Hereafter retracted all un-Telanic laws implemented by Akbar Make bit attractive heading of Ahmad Sixhindi maxked the end of this physical presence, out his intellectual and Spiritual benefactions have continued to impact religious Scholars, Sufis and votaries of the Nagshbandi order to this day. blough He couldn't achieve his targets during is life time but his dream and teachings vere realized when Auxangzeb became the Emporer in 659. Because Aurangreb's policies and regimes are usidesed to be influenced implensely by Shaikh smad's ideas. Some of the major reforms of rangleb's era was re-imposition of juga and grimage tax on hindus Every kind of partranage Hinds fine acts and temples were withdrawn.

of One Being but it is only an appearance, not reality. The exposition of the concept of Wahdat al-Shahud was really a breakthrough in realm of Islamic mysticism The implications of the doctrine of wahdat al-Shahud were quite grave as it emphasizes superiority of peop of one religion on the other and for that reason that religion should be kept pure and directed of all other influences. Fatura against Sajda-e-Tazeemi: One of the key issues that Sharkh Ahmad Sirhindi opposed was the practice of Sajda Tazimi, which involved prostrating before the emporer as a form of reverence. AKS introduced the corrept of Sajada Tazimi as a Symbol of respect for the emperor. This practice was seen by Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi as a violation of Islamic principles of Tawhid which is consider b à grave sin in Islam. Methodologies opted to convey the reforms: Sharkh Abmad Sixhindi apted various methods to convey his message and reforms and also to preach the true Islam to the influential people so they might take actions. The methods are as follows: (i) He deliver sermons to the people to lead them in the wrote letters to influential people and robbin Beforms regarding Shatiah: Sixhindi strongly believed to following the traditional Islamic beliefs and beging the Shariah (Islamic law). The divine law is strongly the Shariah (Islamic law). The divine law is reasonated with the Soul and the spiritualization of the Soul depends upon obedience shown to it alone. According to the Mujaddid, the ontrouty performed by the theologians (ulama) is to issue decrees while it is the people of Allah (saints) who decrees while it is the people of Allah (saints) who de the real work. He criticized practices that deviated from the traditional understanding of Islamic law and morality. All he worked to to do was to upheld the teachings of the Messenger of Allah (PBH) and hard it over to the next generation without lesing its values and essence.

Wahdat al-Wajud and Wahdat al-Shahud: Wahdat al-Wajud was the real transe of Islam. The concept was innovated by Sufis of the era of Ikbar and it says: "Entire universe is the symbol of Allah (SWI), so no difference between man and God. Every particle of the universe represents the Presence of Allah."

Muyadid Alf Thani knew its follow and he was one of those who denounced it vehemently the based his stand on the training he had received from his sheithy knews a Bagi Billah the hecame critical of the Philosophy of Wahdat al-Wajud, against which he gave his philosophy of wahdat al-Shahud. Thus he maintained that we are not manifestation

intermacy with Hindu Muclims have separate culture custom from that of Hindus therefore friendship means nothing. And for the very first time was given that Shows that Hindus and Muslims was given that Shows that Hindus and Muslims were two different nations and the Akbar's reforms to make them one couldn't get success. Also if the Muslim ruler winted to thrive they should distance themselves from Hindus, Hindus that were appointed at high Manks in court should be removed and expelled from courts.

Major Reforms by Shaikh Ahmad Strhindi:

Reforms before his arrival Significant contributions to both Sufism and philosophy, leaving a profound impact on these fields.
His reforms within Sufism emphasized adherence to Islamic orthodoxy and the importance of spiritual quides, while his philosophical works explored profound concepts concerning existence and the relationship between the Creator and the created "If the contemporary Sufis are just they should not follow their leaders but the Sumah They Should never uphold heresy on the pre-text that their Shaikhis did so" Maktubat-i-Mujadid, Book 2, Letter No. 23. Adding value to this approach, the teachings he has given with his writings and sermons had a significant impact on the Sufi order in sub-continent.

aggressively the ordinances of their own religion a Muslim state and the Muslims were nower less to carry out the ordinance of Islam; They carried them out, they were executed." Akbar also put ban on cow slaughter and many othe religious festivity there was influence of hindu culture on Muslims. They started to forget their religion, culture and traditions. Another concern was that by empowering Hindus, Mulim rule would weaken and eventually end-So his reforms were much needed at that time and they were response to the perceived decline in moral and spiritual values within the Muslims of Sub-continent. the reference of Myadid occurs in the following Hadith: "One the eve of each century, Allah will raise in this Ummah Such a person, who will revive affairs of his Deligion for hitm Repharse.... By Strotennom? Receded to adopt: Akbar's reforms were totally against the Islamic traditions so Islamic reforms were badly needed to revive the traditions Lew strategies would be adopted against the Akbar's order by Muling First, they advocated behind bon cow slaughter was they started worshiping it. Muslim Shouldn't interminale inter-dire and

It was not until he was 36 years old that he went to Delhi and joined the Nagshbandi Silsila under the discipleship of Khwaja Bagi Billah

under the discipleship of Khwaja Bagi Billah

As per SM Tkram, The most forceful and original thinker in India, before Shah Waliullah and Ighal's Reform Movement: It was the era of the third Mughal emperor when the un-Islamic practice were on trend. During this period the Muslims in India had become so deficient in the Islamic knowledge that they had more belief in Karamit or miracles of the Saints than Islamic teaching The Ulma and theologians of the time had ceased to refer to the Auran and Hadith in their commen taries, and considered jurisprudence the only religion knowledge. In his youth, Sixhindi witnessed the challenge faced by the Muslim community in India due to political turmoil and the religious policies of Empor Akbar. Akbar's attempts to blend different religious into a new one, called Din-e-Ilahi, posed a threat to traditional Islam Moreover in the rule of Akbar, were given high ranke in courts. Marraiges between maslims and Hinduy/Sikh took place. Hindu wives King worshipped in palaces. Atbar demolish the Jizya tax and pilgrimage tax He also destroy labolish mosques and construct and rehabilite the think temples. According to SMIKram, "Non-Muslims Carried out

that claimed descent from Hazzat Umar Farong (RA). His

tather Shaikh Abdul Ahad was a well-known Sufi of his

of Holy Ouran, Hadith, Tafseer and philosophy

times Shaikh Ahmad received his basic education at home

Later, he devoted most of his time to the study