NAME: LAIBA QURESHI ASSIGNMENT NO:01 32485- Laiba Qureshi-GENERAL SCIENCE AND ABILITY. (SIR MAJID) OLIOMYELITIS (POLIO) Mention the full as statement for proper evaluation and marks DEFINITION: Polio, Short for polymyelitis, is a highly impectious vital observe caused by Bystem and Can hard to paralysis, especially young ewildre polio is tronsmitted through Contiminated good and water. SYMPTOMS: Many people injected with poliovirus donot enthibit symptoms (asymptomatic). In cases with symptoms, there may be flu-like Symptoms such as fever, I see-throat, headiche and muscle steppness. In a small percentage of Cases, the virus invades the nevous system, Leading to more severe symptoms such as papalysis,

muscle makness and, in vare instances,

respiratory failure.

CAUSES:

Povovirus, a member of the enterovirus gamily, is the cause of polio.

The virus 8s primarily spread through the feeal-oral route, often via continuinated water or good. I can be thansmitted through respiratory droplets from an injected person.

PREATMENT:

There is no specific ture for polio Once on Individual is injected. Supportive care is provided to alleviate symptoms and prevent complications. physical through may be necessary for individuals expersencing paralysis or muscle weakness.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES:

Vaccination: Routine immunication with the polo vaccine is the most effective pheventive measure. Both brol polio vaccine (OPV) and inactivated polo vaccine (IPV) are used in different parts of world.

Hygiene Phactices: Ensuring Chean water and phomoting good Samitation phactices help prevent the fee al-oral thansmission of the vikuses

Isolotion and ayarantine: Imperied Individuals should be isolated to prevent the spread of the virus to others. Quarantine measures may be implemented in Outbreats.

Public Heath Campaigns Public heath
Postiatives, including raw reness Campaigns and
Vaccination drives play a crusol role in
Controlling and eradicating polio globally.

Paper presentation and the structure is food