What is juvenile delinquency? Explain the nature extent and causes of juvenile delinquency in Pakistan · Suggest remedial measures for reducing juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. Introduction. Prior to the 19th century, if the juvenile committed any crime, they were treated as adult criminals. There were no difference even in the case of penalities Later, after some socioeconomic and political developments, separate courts were built. These juvenile courts treats them as victim not criminal. Their emphasis as on their rehabilitation of juenile offenders. The nature of juverile delinquency varies in various types of crimes . In Pakistan, There are several reasons behind the criminal behavious. However some remedial measures can be taken to secture the juvenile delinquency in Pakistan.

Twende Delinquency Definition: by Siegel & Welsh
of is the act of participating in unlawful activities by minor or individual younger than the statuatory age of criminal 19 Behavioral definition: The deviant behavior committed by a juvenile that is against the norms of the society is called juvenile delinquency. Legal definition:

The act committed by a minor which is the violation of law and have some penality in criminal law. For example: Robbery, murder, assault, property stealing, consumption of

Nature of juverile delinquency. Living in a society, minor involves in vasious illegal activities. These activities are of different kinds. Such as assault on a person, murder, robbery, property stealing etc Extent of juvenile delinquency: Following are extent of juvenile delinquency. Minor crimes: whose penality is upto the 3 years criminal law. for example. bugglary, pick pocket etc. b- Major crimes: Juvenile offenders ase mostly involve in major crimes. Its penality is 3 years to upto 7 years. The bail can be granted with or without the susety bond.

C- Heinous crimes:
These crimes are vident in nature In criminal law its penality is sentence to death or life imprisonment. The bail can be granted with surely bond if less than 16 years. If the offender is more than 16 years old, the bail can be granted on discretion of court. d - Involvement in gang activities: Tveniles often involve in gang activities in communities. It depends upon the social environment of a society According to Social Learning Theory: The juveniles learn from their environment and act accordingly. e - Substance abuse: Children become addicts of alcohol and drugs in a society and then involve in crimes.

Causes of juvenile delinquency in In Pakistan, the juvenile involve in crimes because Offenders of certain reasons. d_ Individual reasons: a - Disability in a child: A child which is disable and having some physical problems. It leads him into some psychological problems and then he commits crime. b-Low intelligence level: Low IQ level or late undestanding of things by child push him to crimes. 2 - Family seasons: a - Separation of parents: Parents love keeps the child in good environment and positive growth, When there will not be the attention of parents because of separation or divorce, juveniles attract towards crimes.

b- High expectations of parents make the child rebel: Parents often expect more good performance from their children. They impose sestriction resultantily, a child becomes rebels because of inability of excellence and commit asing. 3- Social causes. a - Low socio-economic status: When a family is poor than other neighborhoods with least facilities. Their children become offender. and violates the law to get their basic needs as per the social disorganization theory. b- High rate of crime in a Such societies, where crime rate is high, more people are involve in violation. The juveniles get exposure of crimes and commit crimes what they perceive (Social Learning theory).

Remedies for reducing juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. Juveniles crimes and many cases are pending is courts In 2019, 1209 cases were under Irial and 215 were convicted Juvenile prisoners. This is an alarming number However, some remedies can be taken to mitigate the juvelinite criminality / delinquency. a- Drug control: When the children involve in substance abuse and drugs. The tendency towards crime increase By taking actions to control drugs in society, the crimes can be seduce. b- Training of parents: By proper training of parents about the Children upbringing can some the children from violation. The most effective guard against the delinquency is the father, who is loving

and strict at some time. (Sheldon Glueck) C- Educational support: Schools can play an important role in reducing crimes by the proper counselling and involvement in healthy activities. This character building will become a barrier in personality of a juvenile towards criminality ((psychoonalytic theory by Sigmund Freud). d_ Community programs: Some recreational activities in a society, which educates the children and increase their interests in healthy activities can decrease the delinquency. e- Empowerment of children. Juverile offerders councelling to stop from crimes Juveniles Counselling not To involve in

Conclusion: The involvement of minors into the crines are of many Types such as heinous crimes, garg involvement and minor crimes. There came b various individual causes, family reasons and social reasons behind the juvenile delinquency in the Pakistan. To miligate the large numbers of crime ing various semedies can be taken at home, society and in schools. These steps will convert the children into learning and beneficial activities

dear student ans is fine

but there major point missing in ans is the theoretical reason of juv del write social perspective theories in cause and co relate the syllabus in the ans

remember to ans in the domains of the syllabus and use the language of syllabus

write theoretical perspectives even not asked write 2 3 small paras to co relate

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