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Imbalance of Energy mix in takistan Consequences Introduction Thesis Statement: The imbalance of takistan's energy mix, characterized by a disproportionate reliance of hydrocarbons, lack of energy infrastructure and inconsistent government policies posse significant consequences for the nations sustainability and development. this energy asymmetry hinders environmental progress exacerbates geopolitical valnerabilities, and limits the potential for economic diversification. Xddressing these Challenges is crucial for charting a sustainable path Por nationis Julie. The importance of Energy mix for takistan d'eversification for resilience Environmental sustainability Energy security and Independence Exploring the reasons behind the imbalance of Energy Mix in Pakistan Takistan's overdependence on hydrocarbons for energy production; \$51811 in hydrocarbon imports Fy2021

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of this energy imbalance extend beyond the rivere Hicker of lights, they seep into the core of Takistanis social economic landscape, influencing Industrial productivity, exacerbating geo-political vulnerabilities and limiting the country's potential for economic diversification thus, addressing these myriad of challenges is crucial for gaining suisilience energy security and charting a sustainable path for the nations Juline.

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The importance of a babased energy mix for takistan can be assed from the Jactors such as an evergrowing population rate and an increasing demand for Jor both private and industrial Puse The successive (discoveries of natural gas reservues shaped Takistan's energy history since the 1950s. However, since 2005 the absence of major gas field additions saw a decline in gas production and imported oil began to take on a greater burden of the energy demand. Relying on of diverse sources of energy reduces the vulnerability to supply disruptions and purce fluduations. Apart from hydrocarbons a batanced energy mix constitutes of indigenous coal resources, neullear and hydropower and other Venewables such as solar, wind and baggasebased power. Moreoner, it et hances the energy security and reduces the environmental impact through cleaner afternatives and promotes economic stability by preventing overdependence

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on this potential. The country has abundant solar and wind resources but needs more transmission capacity to move these resources to market. Additionally the taxistani government is often reluctant to invest in renewable energy due to concerns about grid reliability. Thirdly another major obstacle to achieving the desired energy mix for the country has been the Ilawed polities and counterproductive agreements signed by the government. The PPA power purchase agreements' signed with Independent power producers IPPs has resulted in uising circular debt 2nd energy shortages in the country. The tarrif structure of these IPP contracts and lack of the awarding bransparency in negotiation and awarding process is on are some of the leading caused behind the pailure of such contracts. These IPPs are dependent on hydro carbons for energy production instead of renewable energy, thus Jurther Widening the gap in existing energy mix. Fourthly Takistan is currently facing a severe economic crisis. There is a lack of adequate financing for the venewable energy projects, particularly Jor small scale projects fart of this difficulty also stems from la lack of gwarness regarding RETs (Renewable Energy Technologies) a high risk perception of investment and also uncertainty about the reliability of resource assessments. Currently, the government is not in a position to provide the required Junch for power projects because of its limited fiscal space, and competing needs

of social and other sectors. turthermore, due to high regulatory and security risks, local and international commercial banks offer banks on high interest rates, thus increasing the ast of Jinancing. Tipply's the goo political tensions in the region have acted as a deadlock for the international cooperation on energy projects. The Iran-Pakistan Gas Pipeline includes laying a 42-inch diameter 1800 km pipeline with Capacity of 750 million cubic Jeet of natural gas per day. Due to the ongoing geo political complication ns the Pakistan portion of GBlkms is still under active consideration. Similarly, the war in Ukraine Lurther exacerbated the energy insecurity in the country leading to mass gas shortages and rampant loads Hedding in howseholds. The security challenges including terrorism Junther caused unavoidable delays in clean energy projects under CPEC. Therefre, the geo political tensions in the region have been a leading cause of imbalance of energy mix in takistan. Lastly's there is an obvious gap in public awainess and participation in the energy transition efforts. As Yuval Noah Harari writes in his book 21 lessons for the 21st Century, that people are so invested in their own daily struggles that they rarely see the impact of global crisis ground them. It is very true in the case of a struggling economy like fakistan, where people are more interested

and less cabout the source of such a massify. This intum only increases the dependency of population on the traditional sources of energy production. A lack of awayness out also teachs to a transition forwards cleaner and more sustainable energy resources. Thus, the internal resistance and a lacks of will for adapting to cleaner and renewable somes leads to results in the disproportional energy mix en lakistan. After delving into the challenges to the energy mix in takistan, it is imperative to expound on the consequences of these challenges on the various aspects of the country's developement. One of the most notable consequences of such an energy impalance is the economic vulnerability it eauses. Due to limited energy resources the country is dependent for most of its energy or power production on the international markets. Any Thichation in prices or shortages Of supply pose a serious threat to the economic stability of the country! During the ongoing Kussiais invasion of Miraine, Sil prices somed toa 14 year highlof USD140 a barrel on March 2022. Moveours Pakistan's import bill inflated substantially and increased the cost of production which triggered huge in lationary pressure in the country. In Sajid, Deputy director SDPI. Ihus, a Cack of diversification of energy sources puts takistan on the list of most vulnerable Lounties to external economic ex Jorles.

Moreoner, the excessive use of nonvenewable energy resources is proving to be a direct contibuter to the environmental degradation in the country. The use of frewood and dung cakes in Pakistan are major sources of Cozand Sulphur oxide emissions, that have a green house e) Ject on the environment and severe heath complications Jos exposed households. World die Quality Report (10 Airs 2021) ranked the air quality of takistan as the second most polluted. The staggering levels I Smog in lahore rendered it as the most polluted city in 2021. Nitrogen oxide and Vocs are emitted by automobiles, coal power stations and gasdine etc. Jurning towards more clean egnergy sources and replacing the traditional energy sources with the Generable ones is the first step towards achieving both a balanced energy mix and a better air quality and environment overall. The prevailing imbalance, Pakistan is witnessing/the crisis of energy insecurity. The remote parts of the country have next to no access to electricity or gas. This is not only resulting in the phenomena of energy poverty but is also a leading Jactor Behind Social fragmentation and Jeelings of clistrust towards the government. A jirga en in lorghar district complained that 90%. of the areas in district didnot have electricity supply. In 2011 the residents rendered their land and even graveyards for the Tarbela Dam, in hopes of provision of basic Jacilities of life, including electricity supply.

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The jirga concluded that the matter if not resolved will lead be protests and civil unrest in the area. Thus, energy inservity is also a direct threat to the national security and peace within the state. Dithout a diversification in the energy portfolio the country cannot expect to achieve the desired energy Takistano disproportionate energy mix has also empacted the technological progress in the area. It is evident in the limited adoption and development of renewable energy technologies. Despite having substantial solar energy potential, Pakistan's solar power capacity remains under utilized. The energy sections Jocus on traditional sources has resulted in a delayed exploration and implementation of cutting-edge solar technologies. This imbalance has hindered the nation's ability to leverage its venavable energy resources effectively. In contrasts countries with a more diversified energy mix have been quicker to embrace and investin renewable technologies, Joseving innovation and technological advantements In solar, wind and other sustainable energy sources. Unlike these countries, takistan has lagged behind on transitioning to the use of cleaner and renewable energy resources. This intuin has affected the global standing of Pakistan ds of Low 1, Takistan ranked 104 out of 115 countries on World Economic Forums Energy transition index. Such a global position of Pakistan discourages the energy investors and even the lending institutes such as IMF and worldbank. Lately YMF has

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pushed takistan for integrating cleaner energy sources and climate sustainable infrastructure in its budget for FY 2024 2025. Therefore, achieving a balanced energy mix is no longer a desire. but a priority for the survival of the country.

However Despite the in energy mix, Pakis tan has a great potential However, despite these challenges and their ramifications, takistan has a great potential to still active a balanced energy mix. In order to manifest this, the country will have to Suild diversification strategies for a resilient energy portfolio. According to World Bank, utilizing just 0.041 percent of the Country's area Jor solar photovoltaic (solar PV) power generation would meet takestan's current electricity demand. Moreover it will also have to improve the existing energy in trastructure and complete the development projects underway. An effective energy mix will comprise of both the traditional and modern sources of energy production. Spart from newer strategies the government will also have to reform and overhaul the existing policies. Keviewing the policies and agreements for probable discrepancies is a vital step towards ensuring the long term sustainability of energy projects. Governmentis & Hernative and Renewable Energy policy 2019 and the indicative generation capacity Expansion plan are a positive

step in this direction. Moreover, restructuring the existing tarrif structure of IPPs and making the Bidding process more transparent are some of the measures that can Jurther Jacillitate the energy mix: Additionally Lastly expanding the investment in the renewable energy card make electricity cheaper achieue Igreater energy security reduce carbon emissions and help fakistan sque upto \$5 Billion over the next Loyears according to World Bank. According to a study by global consulting Jim Ernst & Young (EY), Pakistan has the potential to become one of world's leading renewable energy markets with an annual installed capacity of 0215 gigawatts (GW). These Jigures represent an estimated increase of 134%. Irom 2017 levels. Lastly, Pakistan can effectively address its energy mix imbalance by investing more in research and exploration of newer energy resources and capacity building programs. Introduction of energy management programs, Juncting relevant research studies in aniversities will proue to be a proactive measure which will also decrease the countryis chependency on international experts. Moreoully capacity building programs are vital to train the human resource in management of renewable energy projects and an effecient construction of energy infrastructure.

de the world transitions towards a more balanced energy mix with an inclination towards cleaner energy Pakistan will be at a disadvantage if it does not diversify its energy mix. Growing energy demands due to population growth, rapid urbanization and industrialization always outpace supply. Governance and regulation shortcomings are Jurker Challenges which hinder performance, accountability and transparency. X disproportionate reliance on Jossil Juebs and lack of innovation and investment in renewable energy also worsens the situation. The ramifications of these challenges include energy insecurity, stagnant economic growth, environmental degradation and the tarnishing of Takistans image on the global fronts. Takistan needs to adopt a complehensive and holistic approach to address the issue of its disproportionate energy mix. It has abundant potential for solars wind hydro and biomass resources that could be haynessed through various technologies. Moreover, Pakistan should also explore other indigenous ophions of energy production and invest in research and capacity building of its human resource to further strengthen its energy sestor. In a nutshell despite the numerous challenges Jacing the attainment of a balanced energy mix in Pakistan, many opportunities can be taken to develope the sector Turther and create a more sustainable energy Juture Jos the country. Inwords of Tim Wirth Barrack Obama " A nation that canot control its energy sources, cannot control its Juliere."