

- Q.3 Write a Note on
- Q.4 Write a Detailed Note on Socialism
- Q.5 Write a Detailed Note on Totalitarianism.
- Q.6 Write a Note on Principles of Fascism.
- Q.7 Write a Detailed Note on Nationalism

LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT

- Q.1 Write the historical perspective of local self-government in Pakistan. 31

PAPER-II (PART-A)

COMPARATIVE AND ANALYTICAL STUDY OF THE POLITICAL SYSTEMS

- Q.1 The Senate of United States is the most Powerful Upper House in the World. Do you agree with the Statement? Explain your Answer with reference to the Upper Houses of India and Great Britain. 31
- Q.2 What is the System of Checks and Balances under the United States Constitution? OR How system of Checks and Balances works in American Government? Explain its Functioning. 32
- Q.3 Discuss the Characteristics of American Political Party System. How it differs from that of Britain? 32
- Q.4 Discuss the Sovereignty of British Parliament. OR Do you agree the Sovereignty of the Parliament is Dominant Characteristic of British Political System? 32
- Q.5 The Cabinet in England has become Virtual Dictator? Discuss. OR Do you agree that Cabinet's Dictatorship in United Kingdom has Undermined the Supremacy of the Parliament? Explain. OR Explain how the British Democracy is overshadowed by the Cabinet Dictatorship. 330

Code _____

Q: No.	Answer
1 Q:2	
2 Answer:1	Introduction
3	" Political accountability
4	of top bodies of
5	the government, called
6	a system of checks
7	and balances."
8	(The International Institute of
9	Republic)
10	The US political system
11	works under the system of checks
12	and balance. Every body of the
13	government has some checks on
14	the other. This shows inter-relationship
15	of political bodies. Hence, the
16	US system works under system
17	of checks and balances.
18	
19	
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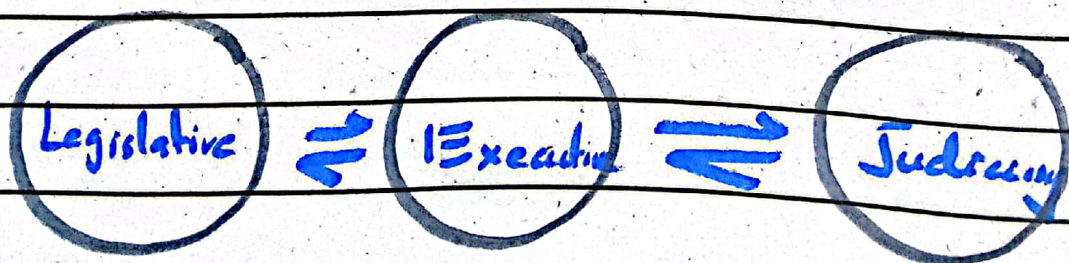
2- An overview of 'checks and balance' system

"Co-ordination of the governmental bodies with some responsibilities, is known as checks and balance system."

(The News)

Checks and Balance

means co-ordination and collaboration of governmental bodies in the sense of some equal responsibilities. In fact, the legislative body keeps some checks over the executive and the judiciary and vice versa.



This shows the demonstration of

checks and balance system.

13

3- The US system of checks and balances,

Following is its detail:

a) The legislative checks over the executive

Following are legislative checks:

i) Rejection of veto power

The legislative can reject veto power of the executive.

"Passing law of rejected by two-third majority is supremacy of the executive."

(Madison)

This shows power of the legis-

ative over the executive.

i) Checks on appointment

Further, the legislative has collaboration authority on appointment of ministers etc.

"The executive cannot appoint anyone without consultation of the legislative body."

Hence, this shows appointment checks of legislative.

ii) Power of impeachment

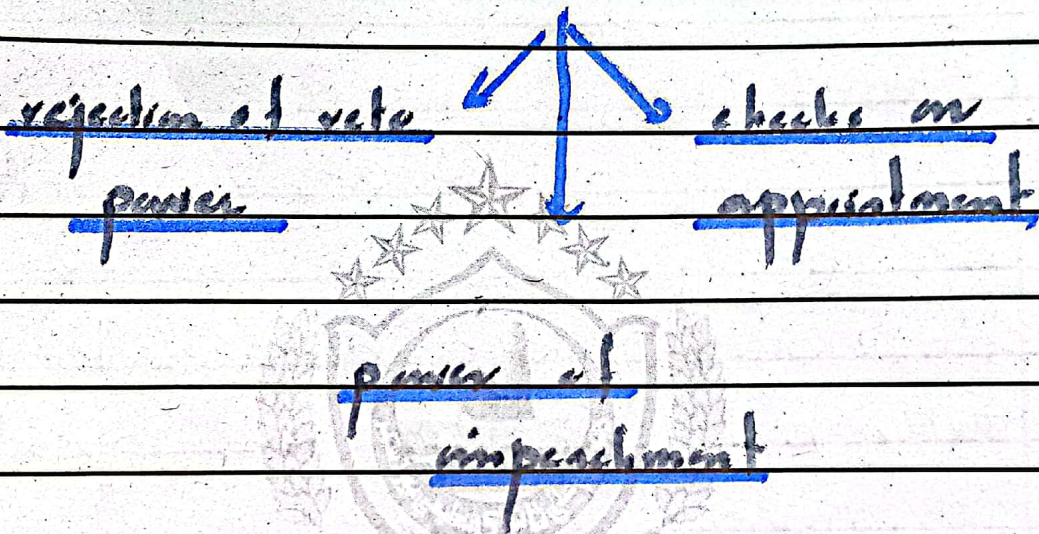
Furthermore, the legislative has power of impeachment. There is no vote of confidence, but impeachment power on corruption cases.

"After passing impeachment law, it further passed"

by simple by two-third majority.

Hence, the US legislative has power of impeachment.

Legislative checks over executive



b) The legislative checks over the judiciary

Following are checks:

i) Appointment of judges

Similarly, appointment of judges is dependent on the legislative authority.

" Like ministers, judges appointment is always dependent on the legislature."

This is a demonstration of appointment power.

ii) Impeachment of judges

Moreover, judges can also be impeached like the executive. Undoubtedly, judges are appointed forever, but they can be impeached on violation of law.

' Similar to the executive impeachment, judges impeachment is always under legislative.

Thus, impeachment of judges is also under the legislative power.

Q: No.

Answer

Legislative checks over judiciary



appointment of judges



impeachment of judges

c) The executive checks over the legislative

Following are the executive checks:

1) Veto power of president
President can exercise veto power against the legislative body.

"Veto power of president makes passing of laws rigid."
(Lasker)

This shows veto power of the executive.

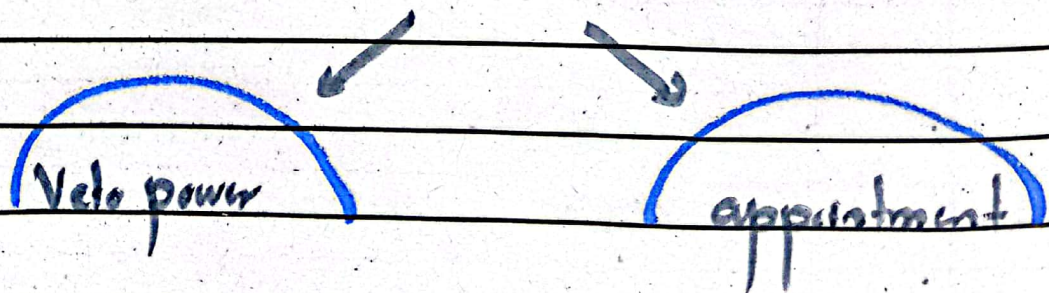
ii) Equal partnership in appointment
 Moreover, the executive role in appointment is essential. Without president, there is no appointment.

"The legislative body appoint ministers

and judges with a view to maintaining the executive."

Thus, the executive also keeps balance on appointment.

The executive checks over legislative



d) The executive checks over the judiciary. The executive also play role in keeping checks on judiciary. In fact, appointing the Supreme Court judges is dependent on the role of the executive.

President consultation approves appointment of judges.

This shows the executive checks on the judiciary.

e) The judiciary checks over the legislative. No doubt, judiciary always play a crucial role in protecting the constitution. In case of exploitation of the constitution, judiciary dismiss the legislative authority.

Judiciary can reject law passed by the legislature in

case of violation of the
constitution.

(Judicial Review Power)

Hence, judiciary keeps checks on
the legislative.

f) The judiciary checks over the executive.
Additionally, judiciary
keeps some checks on the exe-
cutive as well.

"Judiciary can reject
the law even
after the sign of
president."

(Supremacy of law)

Moreover,

"Donald Trump has been
announced up to
lifetime imprisonment
due to violation of
the constitution."

(The CNN, 2018)

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This shows power of judiciary over executive.

4- Conclusion

"Three branches of the US government are interlocked."

The US political system works under the system of checks and balance. This means, every body of the government is working under some rules of other. Thus the US government is based on checks and balance system.