

Question

What is "one china two systems policy?" How US policy towards Taiwan is hurting it? what could be its possible implications? Give recommendations

Answer

I- Introduction

The ongoing spat between US and China over Taiwan is a complex issue with historical, geopolitical, and strategic implications. Taiwan has its own sovereign government, but China claims it as its breakaway province. It has adopted one China Two systems policy (OC2S) over Taiwan, whereas US has also shown a shift in its policy towards Taiwan. As a result spat between US and china has been escalated. This could have many possible implications for Taiwan, as well as for both global powers. However, there are some recommendations that can play their best role in normalizing the

Situation.

II- One China Two Systems Policy

The sovereign Taiwan made its government in 1949 after civil war in China b/w between two parties Chinese Nationalist Party and Chinese Communist Party. After the defeat of former, its leader Chiang Kai-shek fled to Taiwan establishing the Republic of China. Meanwhile, Communist Party established its government as People's Republic of China in the mainland. But Now, China claims that Taiwan is the part of People's Republic of China, and it has adopted one China Two Systems Policy which acknowledges the Chinese position that there is only one China and that Taiwan is part of it.

III- U.S. Policy towards Taiwan

US policy towards Taiwan is a fluctuating stance. Firstly, it recognized the Republic of China's government in Taiwan as the

IV He

Tai

On

A- Ri

in

de

Dr

Legitimate government Under SEATO in 1962, US took himself responsible for the defense in Taiwan against Taiwan. But in 1979, US switched its diplomatic recognition from the Republic of China to People's Republic of China.

IV How U.S. Policy towards Taiwan is Hurting China's

One State Two Systems Policy:

In 1972, US-China normalization relations began after the visit of Henry Kissinger, facilitated by Islamabad. In 1979, U.S. accepted the one China policy that Taiwan is the part of China.

A- Revival of Original U.S. Policy in context to Taiwan

U.S. also increased its defence relations with Taiwan. In Trump era, 18 billion dollars deal

took place on subsidized weapons between U.S. and Taiwan. At the same time, U.S. is also increasing its military installments over Taiwan. Moreover, diplomatic engagements between high officials have also been increased. For instance, the visit of Nancy Pelosi to Taipei, and other telephonic conversation between America and Taiwan. This criticized the Xi Jinping's one-china policy that U.S. is not accepting its policy rather increasing its diplomatic and military relations with Taiwan. Hence, the revival of U.S. original policy towards Taiwan has its merits the China's policy.

V- Spat between US and China

In recent years, tensions between the US and China over Taiwan have escalated due to factors such as an increased US support for Taiwan, arms sales, and high-level officials visits. China perceives such actions as

②

interference in its internal affairs and a challenge to its territorial claims. In response, China has conducted military exercises, issued threats, and sought to isolate Taiwan diplomatically on the international stage.

VI Possible implications of US policy towards Taiwan

A Increased tensions in Taiwan Strait

The ambiguity of the U.S. policy could lead to miscalculations and an escalation of tensions between the U.S. and China. As Taiwan is one of the biggest supporters of semi-conductor in the world. These tensions could lead to supply shortages of micro chips and a global rise in the price of semi-conductors.

B- Erosion of U.S. Credibility

As in 1962, under SEATO, U.S. made himself responsible for the protection and defense of Taiwan. In case if it fails to defend Taiwan, this could erode U.S. credibility and lead other allies to doubt its commitment to security alliances.

C- Increased risk of Nuclear War

Moreover, another possible implication is the increased risk of nuclear war as both the countries are nuclear powers. Side by side, China is also emerging as a new rising power. If the escalation b/w the two countries increases, then no doubt that this can bring on another nuclear war which would have severe humanitarian and as well as devastating impacts on the entire world.

d- Reg

toward
instab
region
lead
crisis
read
again
step
repe
will
lead
econ

VII Re

poli

A- In

U.S.
ale
cov
th
exp

d- Regional Instability:

Last but not least, US policy towards Taiwan can bring instability in the entire Asia-Pacific region, as a result this would lead to massive humanitarian crisis. Since, both the countries are ready to take further steps against each other. One wrong step will be of severe repercussions. Therefore, regional stability will be prevailed which will lead to other global and economic implications.

VII Recommendations for US

policy towards Taiwan

A Increase Clarity and Transparency

First and the foremost, the U.S. government should be more clear and transparent about its commitment for defending Taiwan. This could involve issuing a more explicit statement of support for Taiwan.

or even entering into a formal defence treaty with the island.

B- Increase engagement with Taiwan

Furthermore, the US should increase its engagement with Taiwan at all levels, including through high-level visits of officials and military exercises. This would demonstrate the US commitment to Taiwan's security and help to deter China from taking any aggressive actions.

C- Strengthening Taiwan's own defenses

Lastly, the US should continue to provide Taiwan with the defensive military equipment it needs to deter a potential Chinese attack. This could include providing Taiwan with more advanced weapons systems, such as anti-ship missiles.

and fighter jets.

VIII Conclusion:

To conclude, it is evident that the shift in US policy towards Taiwan is hurting China's One State two systems policy. This could have several negative consequences such as nuclear war and regional instability. However, US can take his stance more clearly and accurately in context to his policy towards Taiwan to manage the entire situations.
