

the CPEC project, which was delayed in the past.

○ *Crucial Connection Between National Security and Economy in Pakistan'*

There is a vital link between national security and the economy in Pakistan. The strength of the country's security depends on having control over its economy. Economic security is a significant part of national security, and being economically self-sufficient and independent is crucial for maintaining dignity and sovereignty. Currently, Pakistan is facing several challenges, including high inflation and a continuous decline in the value of the Pakistani Rupee. The industrial sector is also struggling, with many large companies facing difficulties and suspending their operations partially. Pakistan is dealing with various challenges, and political forces are vying for power. General Asim Munir, after attending a meeting of the National Security Council in January 2023, highlighted the critical juncture the country is going through. He stressed the importance of developing a national consensus among all stakeholders to overcome the challenges posed by the economy and terrorism. In the Asia-Pacific region, Pakistan's economic performance ranks 34th among 39 countries, indicating the need for significant improvements in the nation's economic situation. Indeed, Pakistan's current economic position is very low, and its overall economic score is lower than the regional and global averages. Additionally, Pakistan's external debt has been increasing, reaching \$38 billion in 2022, and it is projected to rise to \$40 billion in 2023. The economy of Pakistan has been slowing down since 2019 and reached its lowest point in 2022. The economic freedom score of Pakistan is 48.8, which ranks its economy as the 153rd freest in the 2022 Index. The country is facing an extreme economic crisis, the worst in its history, and immediate measures are required to prevent an economic default.

Dark Clouds of Default

Pakistan's national security and economy are interrelated. Economic security is crucial for self-reliance. Pakistan is facing economic and energy crisis, while political parties are interested to get power. General Asim Munir in National Security Committee emphasised to overcome the economic and security threat of the country. In the bank of Asia Pacific nation, Pakistan's economic position is 34/39; lower in regional and global level, that has worsened post 2019. The foreign debt of Pakistan would surge from \$30bn in 2022 to \$40 billion in 2023, while the economic freedom score is 48.8; they poses a threat of default if not cured.

$$\text{Total} = 205$$

$$1/3 = 94$$

$$\text{This precis} = 102$$

اسلام جن تعلیمات پر مشتمل ہے، اصولی اور عملی دونوں حیثیتوں سے ان کی اہمیتوں کے درجے الگ الگ ہیں، اور ان میں ایک فطری ترتیب بھی پائی جاتی ہے۔ ان میں سے کچھ کی حیثیت بنیاد کی سی ہے، کچھ کی دیواروں اور ستونوں کی سی ہے، کچھ کی اچھت کی سی ہے اور کچھ کی ظاہری زیب و زینت کی سی ہے۔ اسلام کو ٹھیک طور سے سمجھنے کے لیے ضروری ہے کہ اس کا اسی ترتیب سے مطالعہ کیا جائے۔ اس لیے سب سے پہلے ہم اس کی ان تعلیمات کو لیتے ہیں جن کی حیثیت بنیاد کی سی ہے اور جنہیں اصطلاح میں "ایمانیات" یا "عقائد" کہا جاتا ہے۔

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The base on which Islam resides, action and principles, from both perspectives the level of importance are different, and natural order is also present within. Among them, some are of basic importance, some are of walls and foundation, some are of roof and some are of physical beauty.

To better understand Islam it is important to study with the same order. For this purpose we at first take teaching which are foundational importance and those called Beliefs and Emaniyat in context.