

SECTION # 1

Date: ___/___/20__

Criminology:

"Coined by Raffaele Garofalo in 1885"

Crimen - Latin word - "Accusations"

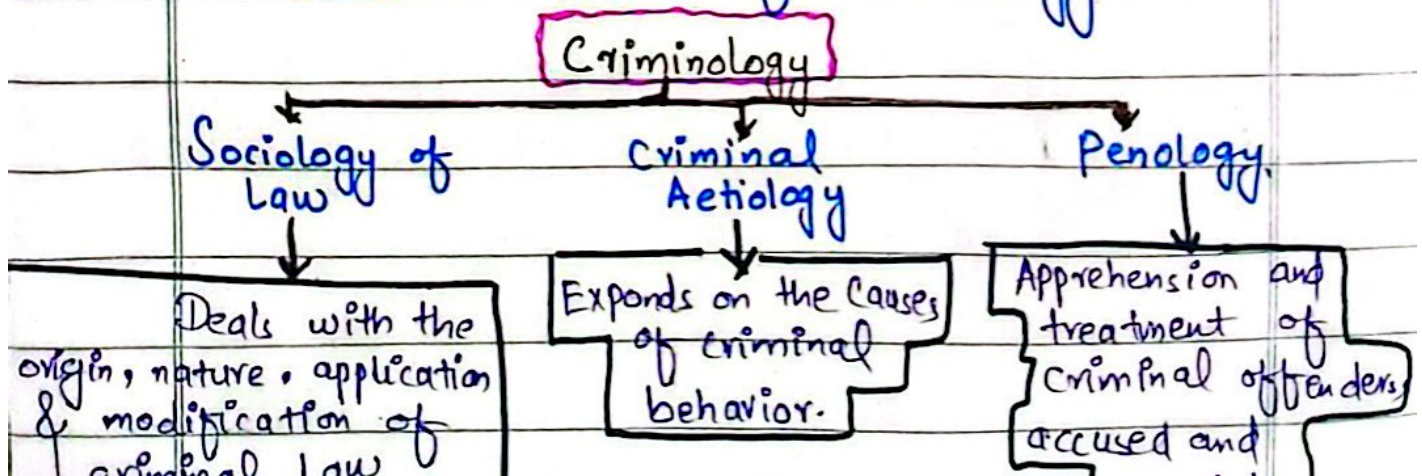
Logia - Greek - "study", Etymologically, criminology means study of accusation or crime.

→ It is an interdisciplinary field of study that deals with scientific study of crime, its causation, & strategies for its prevention.

Edwin Sutherland & Donald Cressey state:

"Criminology is the body of knowledge regarding crime as a social phenomenon, it include within its scope the processes of making laws, of breaking laws, & of reacting towards breaking of laws".

Classical division of Criminology:



Scope and Nature of Criminology: Date: / /20

① Criminology: as a reforming role in relation to Criminal law & the criminal justice systems. Historically, criminology played a reforming role. In applied disciplines, it influenced legislators, judges, prosecutors, lawyers, probation officers & prison officials, prompting them to better understand crime & criminals & to develop better & more human sentences & treatments for criminal behaviour.

② Criminology Scope in development of theories: The development of theories expressed with sufficient precision that they can be empirically tested.

③ Criminology as interdisciplinary of different fields: It draws on psychology, economic, anthropology, statistics & other disciplines to explain the causes & prevention of criminal behaviour.

④ Help government in allocation of Resources: Criminology enabled govt to plan better in terms of allocation of resources toward fighting different types of crimes.

⑤ It provide understanding of crimes: It enhances official understanding of criminals, offenders, the types & prevalence of offences committed by class of people.

- ⑥ Penologist.
- ⑦ The lawyer & to the sociologist.

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⑥ It deals with three intricate questions of criminality &

① Question of detection of criminal.

② Question of custody & treatment of criminal.

③ Question of explaining criminal behaviour & Crime causation.

⑦ It helps in determining the Reason of crimes.

⑧ Detecting crimes rate, for controlling crimes.

⑨ It examines Society's response to crime and prevention of crime.

⑩ Criminology involves studying all aspects associated with crime in general.

⑪ It evaluating circumstances that provoked to do crime & preventing future chances to do crime.

* Scope

- Crime, Response, causes & prevention.
- Scientific study of criminal behaviors.
- Child Delinquency.
- Bio criminology. (The study of biological basis of criminal behavior)
- Penology.
- Deviance & Socially disapproved behaviour.
- Criminal justice.
- Criminalistics. (study of crime detection)
- Feminist criminology. (The study of women & crime).

Criminology and Criminal Law:

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Criminology lays down the theoretical framework for framing & operation of criminal law.

* Criminal law is meant to regulate the conduct of society by punishing undesirable behavior. So, criminology helps identify such behaviors in order to ensure the effectiveness of law.