

# Q1. Write a Précis of the following passage in about 120 words and also suggest a suitable title

On the question of freedom in education, there are at present three main schools of the night, deriving partly from differences as to ends and partly from differences in psychological theory. There are those who say that children should be completely free. however bad they may be: there are those who say they should be completely subject to authority, however good they may be; and there are those who say they should be free. but in spite of freedom they should be always good. This last party is larger than it has any logical right to be; children. like adults, will not all be virtuous if they are all free. The belief that liberty will ensure moral perfection is a relic of Rousseauism, and would not survive a study of animals and babies. Those who hold this belief think that education should have no positive purpose, but should merely offer an environment suitable for spontaneous development. I cannot agree with this school, which seems to me too individualistic, and unduly indifferent to the importance of knowledge. We live

in communities which require co-operation. and it would be utopian to expect all the necessary co-operation to result from spontaneous impulse. The existence of a large population on a limited area is only possible owing to source and technique; education must, therefore, hand on the necessary minimum of these. The educators who allow most freedom are men whose success depends upon a degree of benevolence, self-control, and trained intelligence which can hardly be generated where every impulse is left unchecked; their merits, therefore, are not likely to be perpetuated if their methods are undiluted. Education, viewed from a social standpoint, must be something more positive than a mere opportunity for growth. It must, of course, provide this, but it must also provide a mental and moral equipment which children cannot acquire entirely for themselves. (312 words)

## Freedom in Education

There are three schools of thought on the subject of freedom in education. Liberty, subjugation and liberty in exchange for goodness. However, the last believe has no reasonable ground. They think that education is only for growth purposes, and ignore the significance of knowledge. Moreover, education results in co-operation in societies. Only those teachers provide freedom who have experienced co-operative environment. Hence, the purpose of education is more than providing only a chance for development. Moreover, it ensures ethical and psychological training.