4444 Day / Date ENV Sci How Technological Development leads to Climate Change and consequent change in Natural and Societal Systems? Also furnish possible adaptations options to Climate change [20] Q) • • -7 D. Introduction: 7 -The 21st century is witnessing a swift progress 0 and advancement in technological developments These developments have made day to day 0 lives easy and comfortable However, despite 0 their numerous benefits, these advancements 0 are actually plaguing climate, and inturn inducing a dive impact on natural and 0 societal systems 0 2) Imparts of Technological Developments on (limate change : As a formentioned techological developments are exacer buting climate change which then causes a plethora of ramifications. To enumerate how techology is affecting climate change is as follows: Maxim

Day / Date 2.1) Increased Energy Demand: The Industrial revolution and the subsequent development in the domain of technology have soaved energy demand. And, despite the word's endeavours to transition to venewable energy the axion vemains that such high demand of energy cannot be, atleast in the near future, met with renewable energy resources. As a corollowy, Fossil fuels are used to fulfill the energy demands, which, inturn precipitate climate change. 2.2) Transport Emissions: The ternological developments have proliferated vehicle use amongst the populace. This, albeit has made life easy by shortening time to travel distance, but has prompted a surge in emissions of green house gases such as carbon dioxide. This eventually leads to climate change. Maxim

Day / Date

21) Increased Energy Demand: The Industrial revolution and the subsequent development in the domain of technology have soared energy demand. And, despite the word's endeavours to transition to renewable energy, the axion remains that such high demand of energy cannot be, atleast in the near future, met with renewable energy resources. As a rordlary, Fossil fuels are used to fulfill the energy demands, which, intum precipitate climate change. 22) Transport Emissions: The ternological developments have proliferated vehicle use amongst the populare. This, albeit has made life easy by shortening thime to travel distance, but has prompted a surge in emissions of green house gases such as carbon dioxide. This eventually leads to dimate change. Maxim

Day / Date Deforestation: 2.3) culting down trees for wood is an ancient practice, followed by generations. The archaic method of cutting livees down method of cutting livees down method of the live to method of the ecosystem to recover. Technological method method of the ecosystem to recover. Technological method of the ecosystem to recover. ()) developments have furnished man-Kind 0 with cutting-edge machinery that can expedite the process and cause massive de forestation. Whote Generation: 2.4 Proliferation of technology have increased the consumption patterns resulting in excessive waste generation. while societies are equipped with 0 mechanisms to manage this waste, many methods to dispose of waster such 0 as incineration or land fills, can generate (Oz emmissions which can precipitate climate change. Industrial Processes: 2.5) Industrial processes have and Maxim

Day / Date aggravate climate change in many ways. One of these is the use of chlorofluoro carbans ((F(s) and Hydrochlovofluovocarbons (HCF(s) in manufacturing many electronic applications such as vefrigevators. The CFCs and HCFCS, when emmitted, can have severe impacts on climate change. 3) Impacts of dimate change on Natural and societal systems 3.1) Impacts on Natural Systems: 3.1.) Rising Temperatures: The global temperature is rising, and this can have dive imparts. This is evident from the severe heatwaves that the work is experiencing IP(indicates that the world temperature has visen 1.12 since 1850 - 1900, and is likely to increase to 1.52 in the next 20 years. 312) Sea level Rise: Maxim

Day / Date There is also an dvastic vise in rea water levels. This is likely due to the thermal expansion of water 9 and excessive melting of glaciers. The IP((observes that the sea levels ave likely to rise between 0.45 feet to 3.61 feet by the end of the century. Extreme weather conditions: 3.1.3) The world is witnessing severe weather conditions. Whether its heat waves or veroved breaking temperature drops there is certainly some unprecedented weather changes. On top of this there has been a proliferation in natural weather related Lisasters such as floods etc. Biodiversity loss: 3.1.4) III. 345 The Biodiversity is also impacted due 19 to climate chang. certain species, amphibions in particular, cannot survive in protracted and intense heat waves, as a result many different species have died or are on the Maxim

Day / Date verge of extinction. Impacts on societal systems: 3.2) 3.2.1) Food security: Climate extremes coupled with altered precipitation have negative consequences on agricultural activities. Many crops cannot survive such conditions which eventually leads to low wop yield, inducing food shortages. Water Scarcity. 3.2.2) Protracted high tempermatures can result is excessive evaporation in water bodies This leaves Only a modium water For drinking and other industrial and agricultural purposes. Instructure Vulnerability: 3.3.3) As a fovementioned, climate change can proliferate natural weather related disasters such as floods, hurricanes. when gustvastruiture is exposed to Maxim

climate refugees Day / Date national security issues etc such clamaties, it is susceptible to heavy losses. 3.3.4) Health (visis: Extreme weather conditions coupled with natural disasters can give vise to many vivuses and diseases. Example: In 2022, Pakistan was engulfed with massive floods that covered more than 1/3 of the country. This was followed by a deadly wave of vivuses and diseases, such as malaria, typhoid, that grappled the country. Economic Impact: 3.3.5 Severe weather conditions not only 0 hinder crop yeild but trammel many industrial process as well. This could have dive vamification on the economic generation capacity of a region. Maxim.....

Day / Date 4) Possible Adaptations to climate change: 4.1) Stabalizing levels of Green House Gases: Green House are the paramount source of climate change, leaving severe reprecussions whenever they are emitted. By tackling the power at source will ensure low levels of GHG'S in atmosphere. Transforming Energy Sector: 4.2) Buring fossil fuels for energy is another significant challenge to elimate change. Since the world, cotemporarily, does not have the capacity to generate adequate venewable energy to superscede burning fossil fuels, they have to resort to such archaic means. However, with the passage of time, countries can amplify their reneurchle energy sources and end their dependency on fossil fuels. 4.3 Sporeage Forest Cover: Trees have the natural ability to store (Oz, the most significant Maxim

Day / Date		
	contributor to green house effect with increasing forest cover it cou be ensured that (Oz levels in the almosphere are decreased.	12
૫૫)	Resilient Instrastructure:	
	Since natural disasters cannot be pre- from occurring, It is better to build instructure that can withstand suc clamities buch resilient instructure minimize the damage induced.	b
5)	Conclusion:	a ka
	In a nutshell, technological advancement can precipitate climate charge which in the can have dive consequences on nate	
	and societal systems. Albert, reinnorogie	ial
	are measures and policies the visis	
	The solutions emporied to reduce the ne	
	impacts of climate charge.	
an	s is satisfactory main aspects covered	