How the reform movement of sheikh Ahmed Sirhindingfluenced the history of Muslim India Sheikh Ahmed Sixhindi, also known as Majjadad Alf Saani or Reformer of the second millenium, rose as an reformer in the Age of Islamic Poven as put by sixhindi. He served the Muslims by transforming their minds and beliefs that were put forward and widely practiced during the reinn of Table 1 200 Miller the course Tose against the then Mughal Emperor and openly put forward his stance, which is the true message of Allah, in front of people as well as the rulers. His efforts led his gain the title of Majjadad Af sani or the first Muslim reformer of subcontinent. Historical Background: The Events which Gave Birth to the First Reform Movement in India Muslim During the reign of Akbar, Muslims were detracted from their true path and instead Started following the wrong practices and inferior position and Hindus enjoyed all the privileges. Muslims were not allowed to practice their religious practices and Hindus worshiped reely, even in the courts. They were

very much involved in the affairs governed by the King. Moreover, Muslims couldnot fast during Ramada or slaughter cous while. Hindus were free to keep their fasts and Muslims could not eat in front of Hindus during their fast. Furthermore, Mosques were destroyed is temples were built, Jizya tax was removed. There and these and pilgrimage exectually, made matins to follow attending Distr Hardus Thus, as quoted by SM Ikram: "Non-Muslims carried out the ordinances of their own religion in a Muslim State and the Muslims were powerless to carry out the ordinances of Islam; If they carried them out they were executed >> These conditions eventually made Muslims to intermingle with Hindus and they started considering the 'new teachings' as right and followed them blindy. This situation demanded a Muslim reformer to redirect Muslims to the right path. First separately discuss the services of sirhandi Shelkh Thmed Sirhindi's Reform Movement and & Religious Implications . Sheikh Ahmed sirhindi negated Akbar's concept of Din-e-Ilahi and made Muslims to realise their actual teachings.

He wrote in his Risala Asbat-e-Nauwats that: The consider Ram and Rehman as one is stupidity because creator cannot be con one with its creation." He also rose against the misconception that people developed about the concept of which was politically manipulated and inculcated was politically manipulated and inculcated wrong practices and inculcated wrong practices among Muslims. To counter their beliefs, sheikh Ahmed Sirhindi introduced the concept of enene Wahdat-al-Shuhood Coneness of Witness). Add subheadings under each category of impacts. Moreover, he emphasized on abolish reimposing juya and pilgrimage tax. He preached about Ittrbat-e- Sunnat through his letters and sermons. In short, he did much efforts for the revival of Muslim practices and abondonment of Hindu practices. Political Implications of the Movement He was the first person who introduced the concept of Two-Nation Theory. He said:

If Muslims want to live as a nation than they have to quit the talk of shork and biddat and stay away from Hindus. If the awareness of separate national identity is not awakened in Muslims then it is feared that they would be swept away with the flood of combined nationhood. Islam would be destroyed like Buddhism and Hinduism. >) Thus, he emphasized Muslims to stay away from Hindus i.e. to not inter-mix, intermingle and do intermarriages with Hindus. He also worked to alleviate the positions of Muslims in courts, which were prevously had Hindu majority. Social Implications of the Movement the gave the Musikins of He prevented the the identity of Muslims of India which is gove bestowed upon them by Islam. He actually made Muslims to realize their true identity and as put by Allama Iqbal, in his poetn "Punjab kay Peersadun kay Naam ", that:

He was the quardian of Muslim faith in India whom God gave a timely warning subheadings. Impacts on Mughal Ruleys Although Jahangir was not moved by the movement of sheikh Ahmed Sirbind; and movement of sheikh Ahmed Sirbind; and for two years for imprisoned him for two years for and this movement had disobeying him; but this movement had disobeying him; but this movement had disobeying him; but this movement had also beying him; but this movement had hurangzeb and fix successor significant impacts on his successor pilgrimage tax. He started reconstruction of Mosques, Badshahi Mosque is one of them. Not only that, he also wrote a book "Fatwa-e-Alamgir" with the help of other scholars. It was based on of other scholars. It was based on Islamic code of life. So, he was the one who took practical steps to for ramposing Islamic values, which unfortunately Sheikh Ahmed sirhindi cowd not cuitnessed during his life time. Short answer and not properly Conclusion answered. Sheikh. Ahmed Sirhindi did not have any political intentions behind his reform movement, instead, it was started

