

Q Define the term juvenile delinquency. Write a note on the history of juvenile justice system and role of juvenile court in reducing juvenile delinquency.

Answer - Introduction

"Crime committed by a child of age between 7 to 17, known as juvenile delinquency."

(PPC - 82 section)

Juvenile delinquency is a crime committed by a child of not a mature age. In fact, it is emotionally rather than thinking. Moreover, a separate juvenile justice system is established to deal juvenile delinquency. Thus, juvenile court has reduced juvenile delinquency.

2- Definition of 'juvenile delinquency'

"A child of age below 18, if commits crime, will be juvenile delinquency."

(-PPC-83 section)

Juvenile delinquency is a child criminality. In fact, a child of under age 18 is called juvenile delinquency when commits a crime. Thus, juvenile delinquency is all about criminals acts of a child.

3- Juvenile justice system: an overview

"Juvenile justice system deals matters of a juvenile delinquency."

(-Jogendra Prasad)

Juvenile justice system is dealing matters of juvenile delinquency. In fact, juvenile delinquency is dealt separately from

justice system of adult crimes.

"A child below age of 18 is not fall under ~~adult~~ ~~law~~'s under justice of juvenile system."

(-JJS-2019)

Therefore, juvenile justice system is dealing juvenile delinquency.

4- History of juvenile justice system

The mid of the 20th century led to establishment of juvenile justice system."

(Mrs. Selam)

Juvenile Justice system was established in the mid of the 20th century. In fact, the first juvenile court was established in the USA in 1891.

"In 1891, Juvenile court was established, namely Juvenile - 'Colloquially as children's court' or as 'family court'."

(History of juvenile justice systems, L. 18)

Below a chart shows further establishments of juvenile courts:

<u>Year of establishment</u>	<u>Country</u>
1908	UK
1912	France
1918	Italy
1922	Japan
1923	Germany
2001	Pakistan

(A. L. J. 2019, 2019)

Therefore, juvenile justice system was established in the mid of 20th century.

5 Role of juvenile court in dealing with juvenile delinquency

following role:

a) Safeguard trial of juvenile delinquency

Juvenile court focus on safeguard trials of juvenile delinquency. In fact, juvenile justice system protects rights of juvenile.

"Juvenile delinquent is not called guilty unless his guilt is proved."

Thus, juvenile courts safeguard juvenile rights. (JTS-2018)

b) Investigation to play a role in juvenile delinquency. Moreover, juvenile

court focus on safe and sound policy of investigation. In fact, juvenile courts tends to prove juvenile delinquent as innocent.

"Juvenile courts leads to sound investigation to guard juvenile in community;

(The Silent Juvenile Delinquency, 2018)

Hence, juvenile court focus on sound investigation.

c) Assist parents in improving behavior of a child

Further, juvenile court also assist parents to improve behavior of a child. A juvenile is used emotionally as he is not mature.

Juvenile court assist parents in their responsibility

To protect the children
 Thus, juvenile court also assist
 parents.

d) Juvenile probation under supervi-
 sion

Juvenile court also
 helps in rehabilitation of juveniles
 under supervision. In fact,
 strict punishments are not allow-
 ed.

"A child should

be kept under strict

supervision, not

under strict punishment."

6. Formal Pro-life
 style rehabilitation

Thus, juvenile court also assist
 rehabilitation of juvenile.

6- Conclusion

'Juvenile delinquency is

always emotionally
performance.

(Tagore Hussain)

Juvenile delinquency
is always emotionally performance. In
fact, crimes committed by juvenile
below age of maturity are considered
as juvenile delinquency. Moreover,
separate juvenile justice system deals
juvenile delinquency to reduce
juvenile delinquency in society.

satisfactory
8/20

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increase the amount of explanation under the headings