Question: Challanges in Pak Afghan relations after US withdrawal & way forward out to keep the relation smooth and running:

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Introduction:

The course of events that lead to the current situation in Afghanistan is studded with three major events ie; the Soviet war, Civil war 9/11. event. These happenings proved unfortunate for Pakistan Afghanistan relations and disgellier shape the fundamentals of these " Yes ... But" relation according to the book Pakistan at the crossroads Specifically the involvement of Palistan in Us's war on terror against the Afghan taliban was the reason for Palistan's internal & border terronson purblem posed by the morganisations such as TTP Jehreeke taliban Palistan and ISK-P-Islamic state of Khurasan province. Going further dup in history the bone of contension appears to be the durand line and Pakhtooniston narrative which continued to deteriorate Pak Afgham relations. In August 2021, the two decade long US hegemony in Afghaniston came do end but the event left Palistan willi no benefit, rather publishers have increased since then.

Challanges in Pak-Afghan relations after Us-Withdrawal:

After 9/11, US after failing to have found osama

Bin Laden from the Taliban government attacked

Afghanistan & doppled Taliban government and

installed a prow Hamid Korrai regime.

the us intervention in Alghanistan continued for the US interver and finally after agreement at Doha, Patar, decided to leave. Background for development of Leave a line between new headingschallanges: In the wake of us's rivalry against Talibon government Pakistan was aasked to join Uss war on terror which was basically an attempt to capture either Taliban leader Mullah Omer and Osama Bin Laden as the later was believed by us to be mastermind behind attack on world trade centre Paxistan due do multiple pressures such as those of the entire world's union against terronism and Palustan's special support to taliban in the past, left Palistan willi no choice than to join hands with Us against the mext door neighbour. Pakistan military storted the attacks and operation along with Us against taliban in Afghanistan Pakistaris choice to side Us gave rise du resistance înside Palistans own FATA and NWFP region where the people share eltericity willi Afghan Talibam. Also the taliban used to be provided safe havens in these areas. The decade of 2000 la 2010 ignited the resistance do such a Luch Miat Palistan got threatened with by terronist attacks by these people who consequently formed Tehreeke Tallon Pahiston" under leadership of Bail ulah Masood in 2009. Since then the issue of terrorism has been a lop priority of Pahistans national and internal security because the militarray of TTP operated from across the border as well as inside. I oday after us withdrawal history a le room'st groups having this roots in Pan African history continue to threaten the internal security after

Keep the description of the headings brief and divide it into subheadings.

Us withdrawal. (1) Security challenge: TTA and TTP friendship: Use full forms. while US continued to wrek havor in Afghanistan, the TTP confinued to support Taliban which seems le have been developed into a strong bond having ellimic and historical roots After US withdrew from Afghanistan, Paliston government was quite hopeful of Taliban siding the It in the publish of terrorem and as was decided in Doha accords that the Afgham soil will no longer be used for any terson's activity. Instead the Taliban released nearly 3000 members of TTP as well as 15K and since then, the thread of to security has been ever increasing with the terrorist organisations feeling strengthered with Taliban ourival. Pakistan military had nearly knownt tersonsm to end before the willidrawal by kinetic operations on the gowand of FATA & KP, but after the willichawal, the number of terrorist attacks has surged uplo 70% Tipl 2023 according lo Soulli Asia terrorism counter portal's statistics. Palistan has taken Taliban government into trust and asked to curb the threat of TTP in Poliston but the Taliban government at their maximum have mediated falls between TTP and Pakistom government- and haven't the now seem to take the matter seriously. ISKP: | Iskp what? Use elaborate and self explanatory The istamic gearding hurasan province is an of shoot of Al Gaeeda which along with TTP has gained

momentum in Afghanistan, doubled in number and have been launching attacks The attack on Just sally in Bajour agency has been claimed by ISKP 15KP av Mie salafi group while Taliban and TTPans the deobandi group; both differ in ideologies and honce the ISKP also poses a threat to Afghan Taliban Be specific and self speaking. themselves.

The decade of soro brought high profile terronist attack as close to parliament and secretarial of Paliston as Laal masjid, the attack on wah ordinance factory and Us consulate. The current wave of terronist attacks eade one of which comes will more destruction and terror, has refreshed and alarmed Pakistari masses about the extent of the wowe in past. If the current wave of terrorism brought by TTP and 18KP isn't ex dealt willi, the security challange might use to the land we experienced in past-

Possible threat of Indian intervention:

walle ideologies sharing the same energy, it is likely possible that they while against it interventions graw have been quite obvious in past and now after Us has left and terrorism grown, Pakistan's conceens regarding India's attempt to furlier exploit the siluation have grown. RAW might strong then and support the terronst groups in their Edeologies and also provide them weapons and direct this actions

3 Diplomatic challenge: Challanges in recognition of Taliban government: In 1998, when Taliban took over Kabul, Paliston hurneddy recognised it the price of which it had là pay in future in the form of Pakistan being seen as a close ally of Taliban which always pushed Palistan Endo a special position regarding any geopolitical development in its neighbouring country. this time Pakistan government has been quite conscious of not recognising them so ledy and taking the weight of Faliban Support to Taliban on its own wrient shoulders sechided from the world view before Africially necognising taliban the are you reservations that are needed to be addressed such as the issue of TTP. Both the taliban and Pakistan government have land down some demands fore recognition. Demands of Pakistan: Paliston has demanded before settlement of relation, Miat Afghan government stands by Pahistan in TTP terrorism issue and don't be their soil be used against their neighbour, and that they endorse women rights. Demands of Talibani The Taliban have laid down the demands regarding reversal of FATA & KP merger, release of TTP pulsoners and implementation of daw and shanah Missighout Paleistern and the domand of opening Talilans political office anywhere in the world.

Add references /examples against your

Dialogues with highlight them. what taliban have done to their fullest till now 15 that they mediated talks between Pakistan government and TTP. The first wound of tooks for settlement of the issue was concelled because both sides a saw the peace agrament being breached the second round of talks in 2022 were descripted by the news that US attached the M classed a leader Arram al Zawahin in Afghamistam. Sinco Al Querda & a close ally of Taliban? The fallban government asked E speculated if Palistan had provided the Evial space do us deone. Since then there haven't been any further talks and relations between both states remain the same.

3 Humanitarian challenge:

Carrently 3 la 4 million Afghan refugees reside in Pakistan. The Afghan people throughout the history have migrated to their ellinic bretteren in Palistan and supported by them. Out of these only 840,000 are the Afghan citizen card holder while nest of them are unregistered. These refugees are a huge responsibility for the already supplied economy of Paleiston. Their heallicare and jearning is a responeibility of Patriston. Also these refugees have become a security challange with a lots of them staying unregistered in Patriston Pakistan also needs a settlement with taliban lo direct the refugees back to this land

Anti Pakistan sentiments of TTA:

The siding of TTA with TTP and a few incidents which allings condemned by taliban, shows possibile proscence of anti-Pakistan sentiments among thim. This relates back to history when Pakistan sided with us against the taliban. History hasn't been forgotten by Afghandan which is a big thorn in normalization of relations between Pakistan and Afghandan.

5 Perception of degitimate war:

The entire Afghan Struggle has been equated by Afghanis and also Pakistani masses as to fihad and a legitimali was which degardless of being true or not, forms roots of TTP ideology. They perciewed Pakistan as a hundle in TTA's degitimate was a so started terrorising around in Pakistan and after US withdrawal they have found strength; space and support to deal with Pakistan according to their.

past perceptions.

@ Pakistan's crippled situation:

Pauistom had been busy supporting Afghams withing aids when the floods of 2022 dead Paliiston to a dire state & hence stop the aid to Afgham.

Also after that the falks between TTP & islammabad district proceed furthers, so the tirring events like political implability & economic crunch also lead to Paliiston's four diverted away from Afghamistan.

Thallenge to Pakistan military. The narrative that despite of dozens of intelligence agencyles present an western borders Palistan has are been towns wellial tersonst attacks, has grown after the recent attack in Bajour agonay by ISKP. Pakistan military is ready and capable of dealing willi ming terrorism but the trues foreign policy towards taliban is not of aggression. Yet the current wave has sure has fingers being pointed at the military. Way out for smooth relations: 1) Settlement of security issues: The first step to pacification of relations between Palistan and Afghanistan is lo address the elephont in the room. The greatest challings that of TTP's tersonsm should be dealt willi- However willi Talibanis cordial relations with them, it seem that Palaistan would have to deal with them solely. The common threat; ISKP. Since ISKP has been a threat to bolli states, Paliston can persuade talibon to stand by it in was against . ISK-P. Talks with TTP: The talks with TTP halted at ownd-low should be confinued further and a formon ground must be agreed upon along swith resolution of mistakes of the past and punishment for future breachings. Internal counter terrorism policy of state: In 2013, National counter terrorism authority was for the soule purpose of dealing with the problem

E terrorism, the authority should be served E la rules acted apon. NCTA in 2017 Hational counter torronson quideliner. These quidelines should be implemented wills four price. National counter extremism policy quidelines: Summary of the quidelines is as follows I Improvement of law and governance in conflict hit oveas 2- FATA given special mainstreaming. 3- Institutionalise "Modaris" as hubs of peace & right against turnsm 4 - Provinces strengthened by usource allocation. 5 Educational afrom la promote importance of peace. 6- Involvement of media la promode peaceful marrative, 1 Diplomacy: Right after Kabuls lake over by taliban, Pakistein has been raising its voice in the international community for the aid of war hit Afghan soil. Palistan arranged two OIC summits in 2021 and 2022 to raise the Afgham issue and outract foreign aid. Also Pakistan attended meetings at Beigney and Moscow to for Afghamistanis support. Further use of soft power's required to make the relations smooth and gain Afghom trast. Pakiston should continue calling on to international support and should deal &multilateral rather than bilateraly. Also diplomatic vilations must be enhanced with Kabul and made visite paid there do get due on ground information of

TTP settlements Pale should involve Iran and China die raise voices agains the ase of Afghan soil for terrorism. Also Paleistan should put forthe the Doha accord infrant of taliban and remind them the promises they made.

3 Settlement of boundary issue:

Though Pakistan carit sesolve the reservations of
Afghams regarding durand time but the publisher can
swely be addressed. Pak can make Kabal halire
that states have continued to live peacefully with
border disputes and also the people near the borders
with whom Afghams share eltimicity will be uplifted.
In wake of the terrorising on Durand times a 500
million dollar project had been launched that of
tenoing of the almond time which alknowsh
unacceptable for taliban still has been going on.

4 Economic incentives: To whom and for what? l'aleistan despite its due economic situation aided Afghornistom along with appeal wis from international community. In 2021 alone Pakiston provided 1 billia dollar aid to Kabwi. Also Pakistan faced the boulden of Afghan imports which is also rendered as one of the reasons for super depreciation in lon and 2023. Pakistom attowed duly free trade with Afghanistan. Fuillier e con onic incentives provided to talibour government can help develop a soft.

image armong Afghams of Pakistan.

CS CamScanner

3 Local pathans of KP; an asset:

The palliams of KP and FATA face the puice of terrorism and really want it all to end. These people belong to Palistan but are also ethnocally linked to the terrorist groups. These people can be asked to have falls with their of persuade thim in favour of peace of against terrorism.

& Kinetic measures

All the above mentioned strategies are those that ulate his soft power bat if the TTP & 18 KP Insurgency continues then the military would sure have to take heretic measures & deploy forces there.

If should be conveyed to taliban government

either they control the use of their land or don't criticize l'allistains internal way of dealing willi tessons non After the operations "Larbe asb" and "Rad ul Farad" Lead by Paliston military, terrorist attacks come down to mill double The military should deploy more troops at the borders.

Structure of the answer, length of the answer, and the no of arguments is enough and good.



Conclusion: In order to develop smooth relation will Afghamista diplomacy, talks and economic dealings can be a way out but first the major issue that is of security is to be addressed and somed becamed after only adrieving peaces further efforts can be done lo develop develop cordial salations. Leace at western borders is necessary for Paliston housens on big Mireat at eastern borders. Pakistom cannot choose to be encircled by threats and in this regards focas is needed on this moether.

Improve the paper presentation, references and the headings quality part.

