

Demographic Bomb in Developing countries

Demographic bomb is the threat for developing countries. The factors that increases vulnerability are poverty, poor health, low level of education and gender equality. In many developing countries fertility decline have not kept pace with rapid declines in mortality.

Similarly, ageing and depopulation resulting from narrowed population reproduction in industrialized countries, primarily in Europe.

Population reproduction growth typical of the planet when mortality decline is not matched with birth rate decline.

Many countries like China, Brazil, Japan and Portugal have passed through demographic transition very quickly due to fast social awareness and economic change. While in Pakistan, the population is currently growing at an unsustainable rate 2.4 percent annually, which is putting stresses on the social and economic infrastructure. Moreover, when the number of dependent grow faster than the capacity to support the population, health institution, schools and job opportunities deteriorate.

In a nutshell, authorities ought to advocate immediate action to limit population growth worldwide.