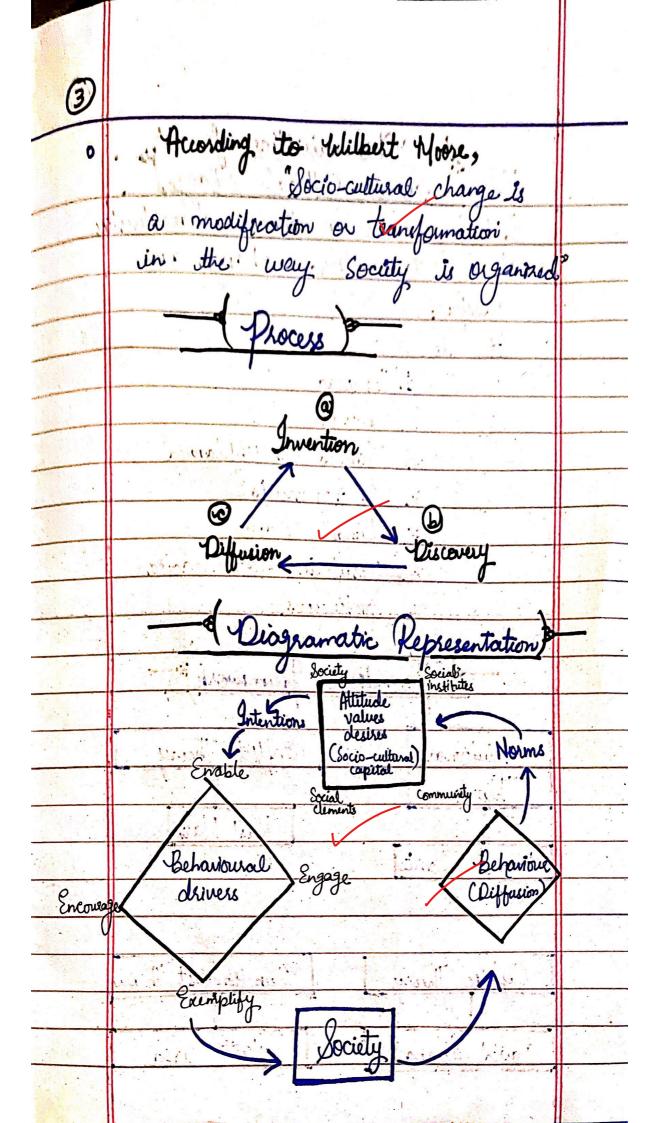
Discuss in bytel the sour cultians factore that enhance and retord the process of social and cultival Change in society. Introduction 3 Social and cultival change also refered in umberella term of socio-- cultimal change refers to changing in the way of perceiving of leacting to Certain way of life. Social change is a gradual process and doesn't happen. Our night It can be on global level like that brought by technology and can be at the for example switching to western outfit Therefore it con octur at micro as well as micro level and has effects on Individual as well as cottective life There are certain positive aspects of social change and are reward ing to those who adopt it.

Certain factors pushes the social element and social institutes to adopt them On the other hand sometimes they are highly resisted as switching to something new isn't convinient - Soundary for mosty due to certain inhibitory yactors Definitions by Sociologists, Hecording to Getter and Gillin, Social changes are variations from the accepted modes of life whether due to attention in geographical conditions, in cultural equepment, composition of the population of Ideologies and whether brought about by diffusion Or invention within the group" o According to CH. Persell, it is & A modification or transform - iation in the way a society is Organized:

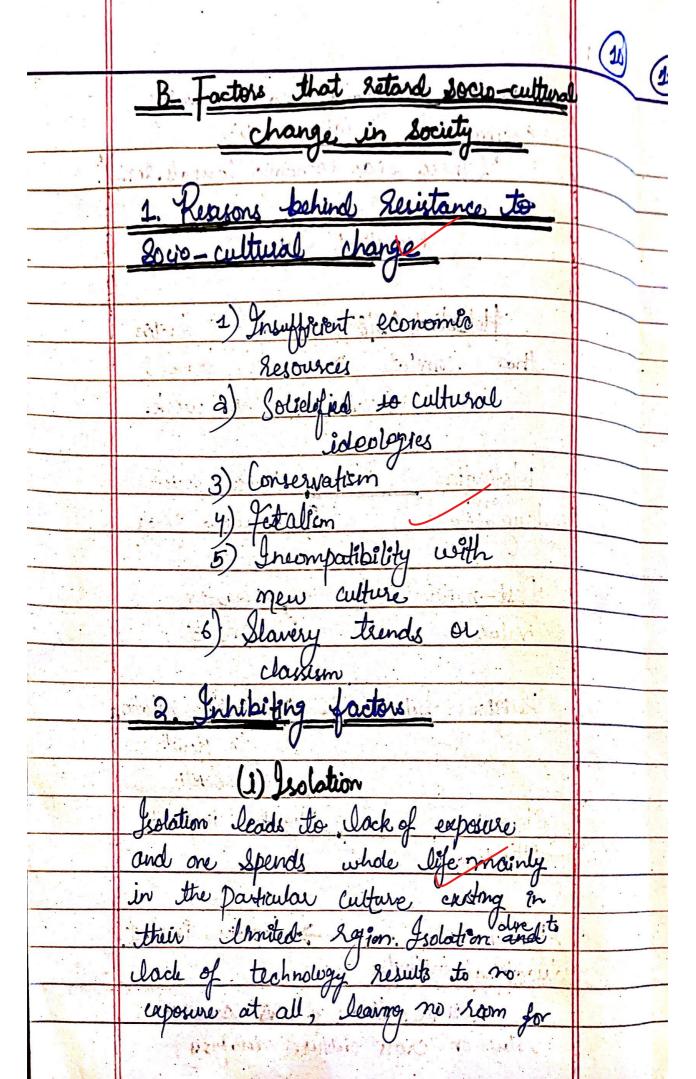


· Coise Study he cultural shift from letter witing to relatives and then to meraging and calling, which Sooner Shifted to vorce menaging and rideo calling shows that technology bring significant socio-Inecretical Support

Some theories also signify technology the

most important factor to make most important factor to with hose theores include, 1) Symbolic Interactively Theory interaction 2) Structural formation theory 3) Technology determinism theory by Marshal Mcluhan Source: Rearch Article "Nature"

engagment to achieve SDGs Rhodes University. South African founds of environment advertion, 2007 Hopseted (1980) pointed out yactors correlate inordie to bring a Change According to his work, Motivation fortive socro--cultural effects Post-materialytic Values Keligious believes. Positive relation to growth of Socrety Attendence Attendence of fortive impact educational invitates Source; Study of WVS economic cross culture analysis



2000 - culture change as the individuals dont healine any need for it. FATA, an isolated region in sense that most of people lack internet service and thurfore no social media usage Ond lack of cable talevision has left the inhabitants of FATA isolated from Rust of Pakistan with their gendu biased and socio-political culture. (i) Disharmony between culture and inventions Explaination: Mostly inventions conflict with cultural Nalve pritting sold barres for soco-Cultural change Vander Zanden gruted, " Islam and Christansty cannot exist or be popular in India because hate cidels." Consequences with Example Dishamony between culture and Invertion usually results in 3 types of consequences

digitalization of agriculture remained an unwelcomed change. Also peto was blamed to reduce firtility rate in KPK areas due to illiteracy. Electric Jans calling of being called blood Suchers once also fits in this Therefore, all these cult Joio-cultural change were resisted due to elliteracy
(iv) Pressure groups
Explaination Pressure groups mostly the religious
group has great influence on social
and cultival values of a society
They influence the collective decisions making of souty too and most of the dones they have been observed to levit any change either ... material or non material to eigender in particular society they live in Voting as considered made cultive earlier In Patestain was never supposed to be right of women too. Religious groups of ter the Suffrage movement, promonently in Kok

dear student the ans is unnecessarily lengthy. write max 8 9 pages only if you can handle the time (13) management. remove the extra detail from ans and conclude ans on 8th page over all ans is relevant but unnecessarily long \$\int 20 Inhibiting factors for socio-cultural change Include:

and lack of relationship with other & low education certileiding to illiteracy and Seni- illiteracy c. fear of unsteady integration de Cultural Inertia and Ethnocentism - Ideological barriers. - Bad prejudices against foreign Cultural elements Traditional Societies Certain factors contribute to sour cultural changes while others act as pairies its minite minimore the socio-cultural shift of Society - Both are based on specific exposure of world ortede the notshell. Most of the force socro-cultural change become need of society and is highly hewarding if adopted. The society who rejects to adopt