

- Outlines -

Explain Platonic concept of Philosopher King

- a. Plato's concept of 'world of forms'
- b. Need of Philosopher King to understand 'world of ideas or forms' to bring perfection into this visible world.
- c. Philosopher King holding absolute authority
- d. Complex training procedure for Philosopher King
- e. Communism for Philosopher King to avoid Property Creed.
- f. Conclusion.

Aristotle is called the father of Political Science.

Evaluate;

a. Introduction: First systematic and comprehensive study of politics. Much Pragmatic as compared to his Predecessors

b. Major contributions of Aristotle.

- i) Classification of the forms of government
- ii) Idea of ideal state: A much pragmatic idea.
- iii) Create the concept of specialization of functions
- iv) Justification of the existing institutions
- v) Suggestions for ruler: especially with regard to revolution (its causes and ways to avoid it)

c. Conclusion

Machiavelli's Philosophy is the product of his time. Discuss with reference to Prince

a. Introduction

b. Prevailing conditions at the time of Machiavelli's weak states of Italy. Internally divided, and in the hands of external powers.

c. Machiavelli's advises to king to change the fate of Italy.

i. Keeping in view the selfish nature of humans he suggested ruler to strictly control his subjects ~ Centralized Authoritarian regime

ii. Building of strong national army influenced by nationality ~ Emphasis upon nationalism

iii. Separation of state from the influence of religious leaders, ~ Concept of Secular State

iv. Colonial Projects and interference in neighbouring activities ~ Ambitious and aggressive foreign Policy

d. Conclusion

Role of Military in the Political system of third world countries.

a Civil Military relations in typical democratic system

b The reverse case in third world countries.

c Major causes of activeness of military in politics

i Weak civilian institutions

ii Big threats leading to building of stronger armies

iii lack of trust ^{on} upon democracy

d. Manifestations from third world countries

- Repeated coups in middle East

- The example of Pakistan

- Prevalent situation in Africa i.e. coups in Mali, Burkina Faso etc.

e. How role of military can be reduced.

ai Enhancing professionalism in military

ii Restoring trust in democracy by building strong political institutions.

f. Conclusion